STAGE TIMINGS AND IN- TERACTION	STAGE AIM	WHAT HAPPENS	ANTICIPATED PROBLEMS AND AFFORDANCES
Warm up 5 minutes T-S, S-T	Warm up - to engage students in the topic of routines for normal days and days off	T to ask Ss to think about the activities they do on a normal day at school or at work. T to ask Ss for examples for every normal school or work day. T to ask for examples of what sts do on a day off	If sts have difficulty thinking of daily routines, T to give an example of her own. Sts may make errors at this point. T not to directly correct but to model back alternatives
Which tense? T-S, S-T 5 minutes	To elicit present simple tense	T to ask sts what tense is used for routines? T to use sts examples and ask what tense is being used	If sts don't understand what is being asked T to offer a choice of tense ie, "is it present simple or present continuous?"
Sonja's routine T-S, S-T 15 minutes	To review the present simple tense to talk about routines	T to introduce sts to Sonja's routine exercise. T to tell sts they will be writing Sonja's routine every day into the boxes on the document. T to invite sts to do the first one together to and elicit answers. T to type in answers T to ask sts which picture they will look at next to check they know what to do T to ask sts to work together on the task T to turn off video camera so as not to appear invasive, but listen ready to feedback	Sts may not understand the pictures, T to assist with first one. If sts struggle with first activity, T to do a second example with sts to clarify they know what to do T to direct sts to box of verbs if needed but for them to try without at first T to reassure sts that even though the video camera is off, T is still there if needed

Feedback S-T, T-S 5-10 minutes	For sts to feedback concerns, queries, or points needing clarification	T has been listening so will know areas that need clarifying. T to model correct examples as needed. T to give praise to both sts	It is difficult to know how many errors will have been made as both sts. T to identify areas that need the most correction or clarification. If there are a lot of areas, T to choose the most important as sts confidence may be knocked if there are alot. Praise after the task is essential.
Introduction of present continuous review T-S, S-T 10 minutes	To introduce the sts to the present continuous tense review	T to share power point presentation on the screen. T to ask one of the sts to read the instructions T to highlight the sentence 'can you work out what the people are doing' in order to elicit present continuous. T to explain we will play a guessing game by clicking on the boxes. Sts need to tell the T what the people in the pictures are doing. T to show 4 slides and try elicit the following answers: They are watching a film He is reading a book They are dancing He is playing basketball	This section of the lesson can be extended if sts completed earlier activities quickly. T can show more slides if the sts are engaged and enjoying the activity. The T can also ask sts if they engage in any of the activities and promote a discussion if time. If there isn't extra time, T to show about 4 slides to elicit what people are doing Sts can either speak the answers to this activity or write them down if they prefer.

Controlled practice T-S, S-S 10 minutes	For sts to practice choosing the correct verbs and putting them into present continuous tense in a gap fill exercise.	T to refer sts back to their document. T to share document on screen and introduce sts to Stuart's day off activity. Ask sts to use present continuous for the activity. Advise students the verbs are in the box if needed. Do 1st example together and type onto shared document to check sts understanding and to refer to as an example if needed. T to advise sts that the my video will be off but will still be there if needed. This is to give sts space to do the activity T to make a note of errors for feedback	T to decide which errors to feedback. If there are a lot T to decide which are most important so as not to knock sts confidence. T to praise sts for efforts, especially if they find the task difficult to do
Feedback T-S, S-T 5 minutes —————————	To go through any errors, concerns or questions	T to feedback errors and sts have the opportunity to ask questions or to discuss difficulties	If sts found this exercise difficult, T to reassure and offer praise for areas that were correct.
Linking tasks T-S, S-T 5 minutes	To link the routine of earring lunch with the next activity.	T to ask sts what they like to have for lunch	
Vocabulary T-S, S-T 10 minutes	To elicit vocabulary that will be in the final video activity of lesson part 1	T to ask sts to look at the 6 pictures and elicit what they are called. T to ask sts if they have this items for lunch	

Final present continuous activity T-S, S 15 minutes	To practise using present continuous to describe what is happening in a video and to finish the session with some fun	T to show picture of Mr Bean and ask what he is doing T to explain that sts will watch a video of Mr Bean. One st will explain what he is doing for the first half of the video and 1 st for the second half of the video using present continuous Sts to talk as the video is running	This activity is normally done with 1st facing away from the screen as the other describe what is happening. The other st then describes what he heard, However I felt for this class it would be better and less pressure on the sts to watch it together



	s	



