

Laura Deasy PD₃ 3 AD₃18

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Throwing

As one of the main skills I'd developed throughout second year, I began throwing forms to start generating ideas in the studio.



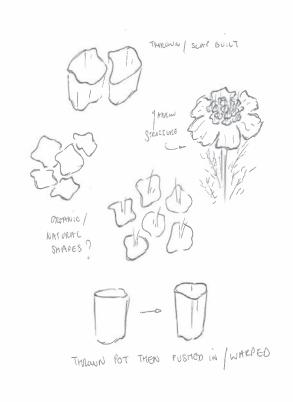


















Throwing with terracotta clay, coloured clay and use of decorative slip. Manipulating the form of thrown vessels.











Colour/ texture exploration

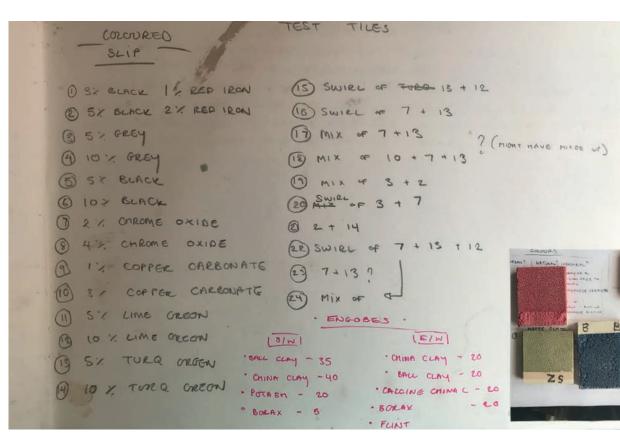
I wanted colour to be a key focus in my projects and have previously enjoyed using colours in the clay body as opposed to in glazes, so used this as a starting point to develop colour palettes.











Stained semi-porcelain slip tests (stoneware)







After the stained slip experiments were fired i began to separate them into natural colours and industrial colours, this triggered me to start looking for colour keys. I then went on to test a stoneware engobe recipe to add a different texture into the mix.









Exploring urban colours and textures on terracotta and grey stained modelling clay. Earthenware.











Developing a key

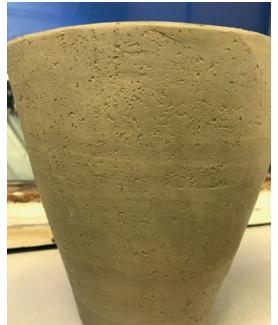
These photos shop my various experiemnts sectioned out into keys based on three landscape areas: Urban, Natural and Industrial.

- 1. Engobe tests and slip test (stoneware), grey clay/terracotta test tiles and decorative slip on extruded geometric shapes + wire experiments (earthenware).
- 2. Green and blue tone slip and engobe tests, initial petal form made from green chrome oxide stained modelling clay (lighter colour is low bisqued and darker green is stoneware fired)
- 3. Black/grey slip and engobe tests, black chunky and black smooth scarva clay hand built geometric form tests, stoneware (top) and extruded crank form with black decorative slip surface, stoneware (bottom)

 $_{1}$



Textures tests





The first image above shows the use of a sprig mould I made from casting onto a concrete slab (sadly don't have a photo of the sprig mould itself). The texture from it was subtle but quite effective at adding a bit of an urban texture to pieces. The second photo shows some brick clay tests I tried out, mixing clay, molochite and sawdust to get these rough textures. They weren't what I was aiming for but it opened up the idea of being experimental with the clay body to get the effect I wanted.



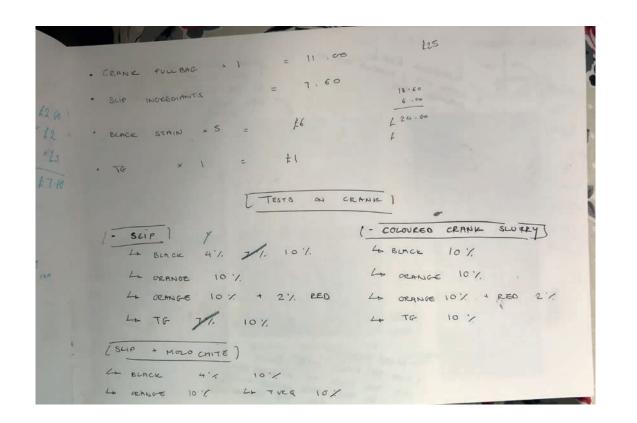


First time colouring crank, turning point!
I knew this was a texture I wanted to continue using throughout the project



Testing stained crank clay at different percentages









To get a bit more of a free flowing pattern in the surface I pinched random sized chucks from different coloured crank clay samples, rolled them together into balls before then rolling them into small test tiles. On the right you can see the stoneware fired results, I really liked this effect and wanted to go larger scale with it. This technique is similar to some of my drawings I had been doing to develop ideas from things seen on walks through Croydon.















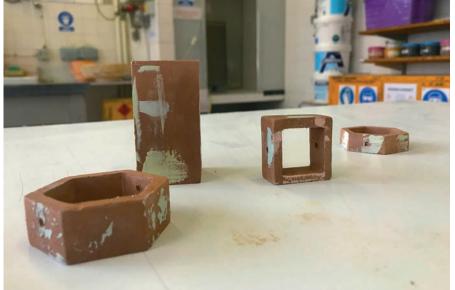


I eventually went big scale with my geometric vessels and wanted to still have the same coloured crank texture, but colouring 12kg of crank for one vessel would have been far too expensive. So i tested a range of ideas to still get the right surface colour/texture without staining the whole body of clay.

- 1. Stained crank clay slurry painted onto plain crank clay with clear glaze. Stoneware. Using this on large vessels allowed for a strong, sturdy crank body whilst still having that colour and texture from the coloured crank without the expensive of staining the whole thing!
- 3. Coloured decorative slip at different percentages on crank
- 4. Decorative slip with added molochite for texture
- 5. Different percentages of coloured crank slurry onto plain crank slab. It was clear that the black and orange coloured crank worked well but the turquoise was too dull, so I ended up using the turquoise coloured slip on the final vessels

2. Black stain from uni vs black stain brought on scarva



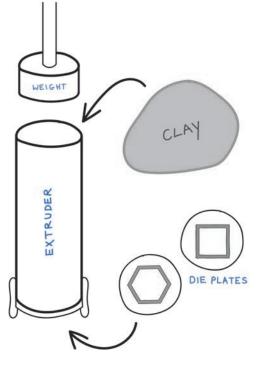


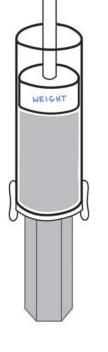
Road surface markings used as inspiration for decorative slip experiments on terracotta

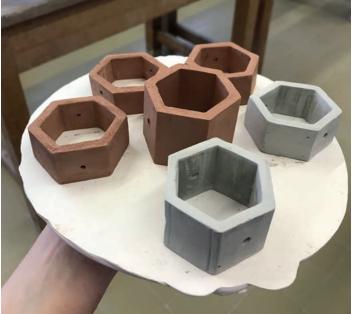


Extruding

I used extruding as a main technique throughout this project, initially because it allowed me to create crisp geometric forms and then it ended up feeding into the narrative of my project with the way I could manipulate the shape and process



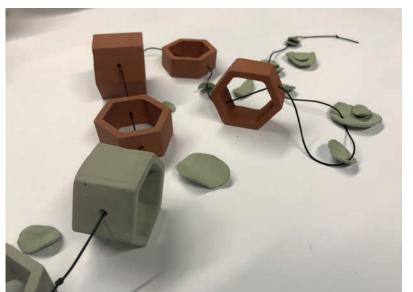








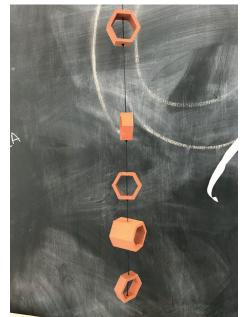
Initial landscape chain outcome

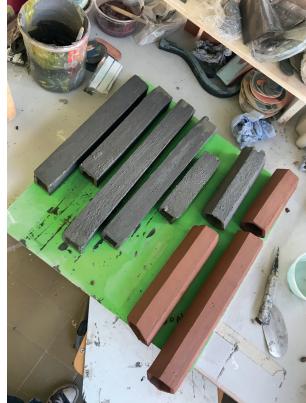


Experimenting with threading together and suspending extruded forms







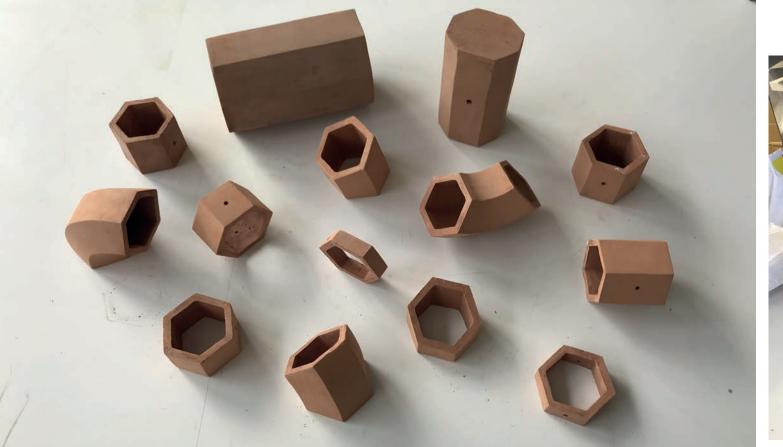






Extruding enabled me to semi batch produce these long chime like pieces which then allowed me to be more ambitious with larger scale installations I eventually made.

allowed the to be more difficulty made.



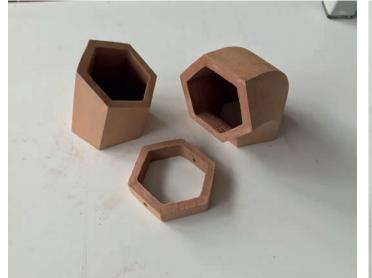


Introducing a curve

After Christmas I began wanting to step away from the linear extruded forms I'd been making, especially when I noticed how each building in Croydon had it's own little, unique features, so began curving the clay as it was coming out of the extruder.















Curved test with coloured crank and surface decoration





These pieces were some of my final extruded forms before workshops closed, I used details from works around Croydon to add coloured details and patterns to on side of each of the forms. These we're going to go onto the final mobile outcome.



Piling different coloured crank clays into the extruder to get random patterns in the clay body, created from the pressure of the extruder.







Initial mobile outcome test, suspending extruded forms.

Petal forms





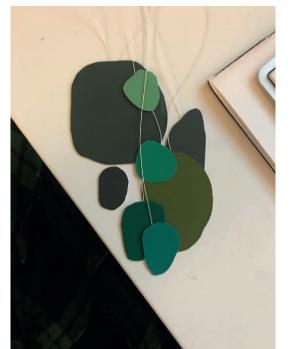






To bring an element of the natural landscape of urban settings into my project I began by colouring some modelling clay with different green oxides and stains. Initially I hand pressed them into little petal forms, I then took began using the slab roller to press small balls of clay into flat discs. I loved how when pealed off the slab rolling fabric each petal developed it's own unique curve from the process of being pealed off.









Experiments with adding a lichen like texture to the leafs

Experiments with adding a licher like texture to the leafs





Batch producing petals and adding different tones of green slip onto the surface.







On the left are some unfired, black clay petals. These we're used in the mobile outcome to bring show a mix between the urban/industrial side of Croydon and the natural side. It helped soften the transition between forms and colours. The second photo shows some coloured porcelain drying out, ready to be made into petal forms, which was my plan before the workshops

Mould making

To gain a bit of variation from the shapes I could extrude I made a set of moulds which I could create various geometric forms from









MDF sledging profiles used to create reclaim clay masters







Using terracotta casting slip to create whole form.



Two earthenware fired pieces.

Two eartherware filed pieces.



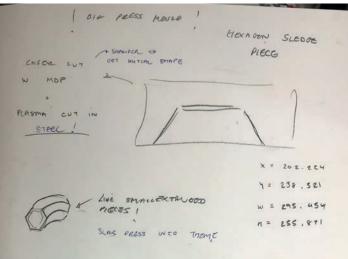


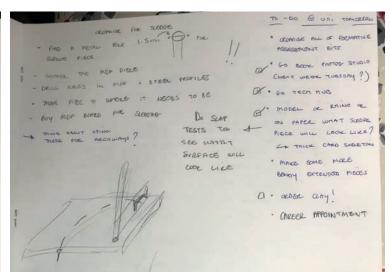
Crank surface decoration onto terracotta earthenware cast forms along side black stained semi porcelain stoneware slip casts.





Model making to test shapes for larger scale vessels.







Big sledging

Wanting to go large scale with these curved hexagon forms led me to investigate sledging. Creating a shape that is both curved and geometric could only really be done by sledging using a metal arm that held the sledging profile whilst allowing a 90 degree curve to be created. This metal arm was attached to a pole going through it and then down through the MDF surface that the master was then sledged onto.











The mould making process was challenging! After sledging 18kg of plaster over the reclaim clay core the rough edged were then sawn off whilst ensure the ends were straight/to a 90 degree angle, for this I used a protractor. The ends of the master were then filled in with plaster, whilst the whole master had to be smoothed using wet and dry paper and a metal kidney. To minimise weight I used scrim netting fabric in layers which reduced the amount of plaster needed whilst increasing the strength of the mould.



























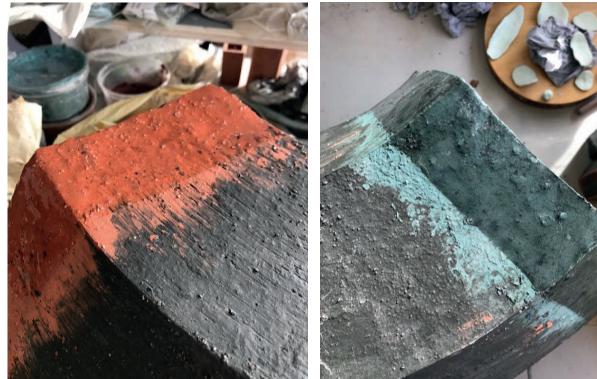








Ji-in for scale!



First fired stoneware vessel

















Other bits n bobs

This was the first larger scale (30cm x 30cm 30cm) piece I made exploring geometric forms, to make it I built a wooden 90 degree former which I could slab build onto. This vessel was made around November and helped me realised that I did want to go big scale, but I'd need to work on form first as the cube shape really did not work well.





When planning the final mobile outcome I took the ring I used for the initial mobile (which wasn't quite big enough to fit an average adult in the middle) and made it 10cm wider each way before designing this new shape with two layers on Illustrator, to then be plasma cut in steel.









In the first few weeks back at uni I struggled to get started on forms so my tutor suggested I look at my own local environment, as my initial topic was nature in London, and create a model.

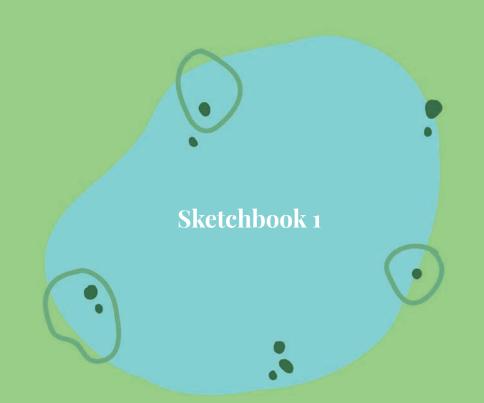


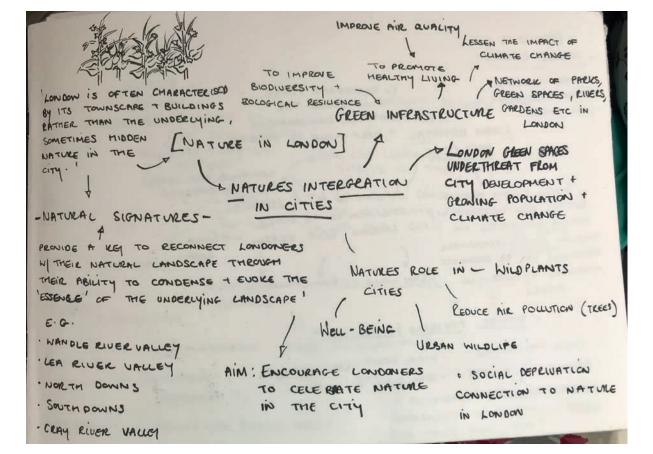


This model helped illustrate the contrast of urban, industrial and natural landscapes coming together as one in my local area, which then helped guide my studio work in a more specific direction.

Chapter 2
Integration











EMBANKMENT + CHARING CROSS





PROVIDES SHELTER + FOOD FOR WILDLIFE



key sources or food IN AUTUMN I WIN TERL WHEN FOOD IS SCALLE





Summer & L DIG MASS of FLOWERS

· PROS OF A .

· GREENER LONDON ·

· MORE WILDLIFE · IMPROVE WELLBEING CLESS CARBON .

TO ENCOURAGE PEOPLE TO CONSEQUE THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT

. BRITISH NATIVE WILD FLOWERS .

LONDON NATIONAL THELP MAKE IT PREENER PARK CITY

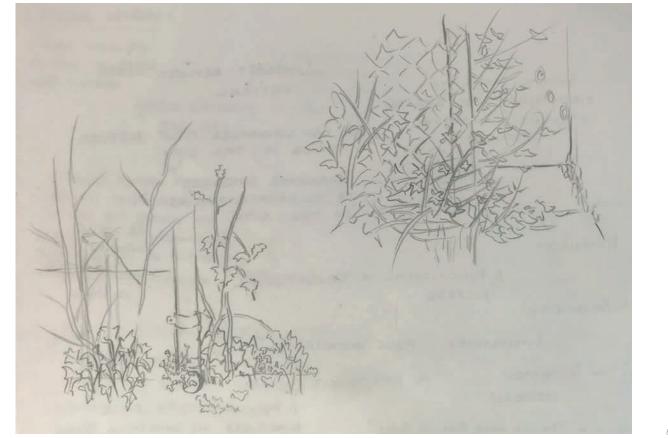
INCLUDING FOUR COURSES T DONESTIC GARDENS THERES A NEED FOR A howdon is 47% GREEN + THE AIM IS TO MAKE BETTER RELATIONSHIP W/ NATURE BUT THERES NO LONDON 50% GREEN - GREEN EXISTING POLICY | FRAMEWORK

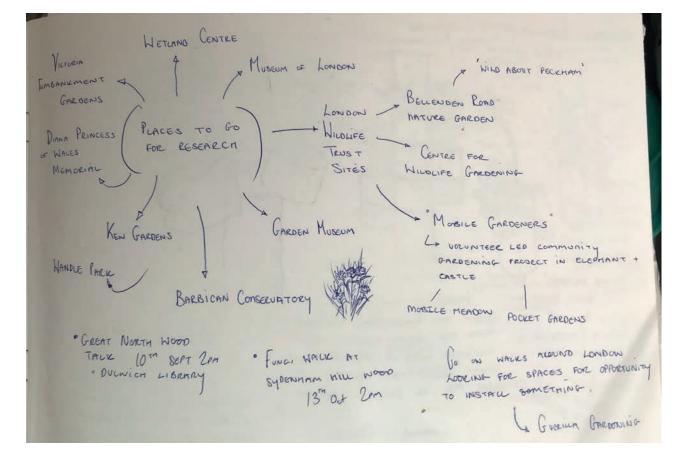
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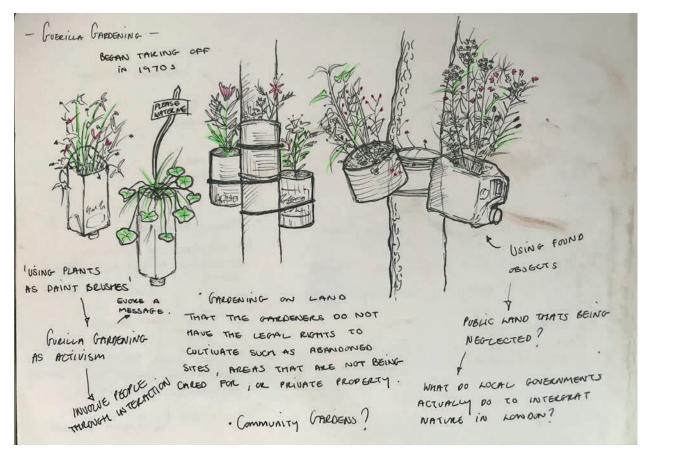
- OTHER PROJECTS | CHARLITIES -

- . TREES FOR CITIES . NICK GANT COMMUNITY 21
- · REWILD MY STREET · CENILDING BRITAIN
- · LONDON WILDLIFE TRUST

CONTRAST BETWEEN URBAN SIMILAR THEME TO TNATURAL . HOW CAN LONDOWERS HELP NATURE PROJECT Speic MOULDING RE-WILD LONDON. SUPPRISTING MATERIALS A PUNCTIONAL OR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSE BIODEGRADABLE PUBLIC INSTALLATION ? Combine w MATERIALS PAPER MAKING - > PRINTING ONTO RECYCLED PAPER?







COLUMBINE BUEBEUS ENCHANTERS FIRST DISCOVERED KING-CUP BASES FOR SELF PIRECTED IN VAUXMALL IN NIGHTSNADE ITM-CENTURY · THERE'S A LOT OF NATURE IN LONDON BUT ITS MORE CONCENTEATED IN CENTRAL LANDON ME -NUTS SO EATHER THEN DOING A PROJECT THAT LANG TREES MIGNUIGHTS THE EXISTING NATURE OF ALREADY WILDPLOWERS? WELL KNOWN NATURAL FEATURES I WANT MY ACCOUNTS FOR TOGTHWORT YELLOW WER MALP OF PROJECT TO HELP INTERCRATE NATURE ARCHANGEL THE CITIES INTO MORE DEPRIEVED AREAS I WANT TO NOOD SORREL POPULATION OMMON /LANTS DO SOME RESEARCH INTO SOCIALLY DEPRIEVED (USGO TO ?) HEERS OF LONDON + MON THOY ARE AUSO LONDON * LOWDON'S STREET TREES : A PIELO לעוסב דם דחב URBAN FOREST DIODIVERSITY THE AREAS MOST DEPRIEUED OF GREEN SPACE. IN CITIES" THOW THIS IMPACTS THOSE LIVING IN THEM LEAUED WILLOW - WILLOW NATIVE SHEUBS AREAS . I WANT MY PROJECT TO 8 CELEBRATE LONDON AS A COMMUNITY + NOOLY WILLIAM THE LESSER SEEN PARTS OF IT (BITS MORE SEEN BY LOCALS) AS WELL AS INTERPENTING ECOSYSTEM BURNET ROSE butchous broom THE NATURAL MISTORY POTENTIALLY (NATIVE IN LONDON) ENGUST FLOWERS PETC) + HOW NATURE CAN TACKLE FIELD RUSE LOCAL + NATIONAL ISSUES (WELLBEING OF RESIDENTS + CO 2 EMISSIONS, PLANTS ARSORE)

CITY POPULATION IS RISING MORE THAN JUST INTRODUCING PROVIDE FOOD + NATURE INTO URBAN AREAS GREEN SPACE HABITAT TO FALLING PEOPLE MUST BE ABLE TO SPECIES OF HILDLIFE IMPORTANCE INTERACT WITH THESE THOUGHTPUL DESIGNED ELEMENTS USING THEIR IN CITIES CITIES WI NATURE CAN PROTECT US OFFER THE STIMULATION SENSES. FROM FLOODING + ENERGY OF A CITY PLUS A MEANINGPUL INTERACTION NITH A PSYCHOLOGICALLY SOAK UP + STORE CESTORATIVE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT PRODUCE CARBON + CARBON THY DNEUERS DISCONNECTION OXYGEN DIOXIDE WITH THE NATURAL WORLD URBAN CLEAN ECOLOGY OUR AIR ENVIRONMENTAL GENERATIONAL AMNES A MENTAL ILLNESSES T MOTO DISOEDERS ARE MORE ENVIRONMENTAL DESCRIBES HOW EACH GENERATION common in URBAN AREAS CREATES A MEN IDEA OF MENTITY WHAT'S ENVIRONMENTALLY REDUCED ACCESS TO NATURE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A PERSONAL NOLMAL BASED UN EEXTERIONICES SENSE OF CONNECTION TO THE NATURAL IS A CONTRIBUTING CAUSE IN CHILDROOD . ENVIRONMENT WHICH IS BASED ON HISTORY, MELPS EXPLAIN INACTION IF SOME ONE DOESN'T EXPERIENCE DIMILALITY + PEELINGS OF PERSONAL ON ENVIRONMENTAL & NATURES MUCH AS A CHILD connection. PRUBLEMS THEY MAY NOT UNDERSTAND ITS IMPORTANCE AS AN ADULT

GOOD FOR MENTAL

INDIRECT TYPES OF INTERACTION NOT PHYSICALLY BEING WITH NATURE Theoxim PRESENT IN IT E.G. THROUGH A WINDOW E.G. GARDENING, PICTURE , PILM ETC WILDLIFE VIEWING, INCIDENTAL ADVENTURE EXPERIONCING IT AS A BY-PRODUCT OF ANOTHER NOW TO LEGATE ACTIVITY

WALK OR OWENEY

PELSONAL UNNECTION E.G. INCIDENTALLY ON A

IN PUBLIC

THE AREA THAT CHILDREN EXPLORE + PLAY IN AROUND THEIR NOMES TIAS REDUCED BY 90 % OVER THE PAST 20 YEARS .

CONNECTEDNESS TO NATURE IS IMPORTANT AS IT LEADS TO CONCERN FOR NATURE . MAYER + FRANTZ (2004) STATE THAT IF PEOPLE FEEL CONNECTED TO NATURE, THEN THEY WILL BE LESS LIKELY TO MARM IT, FOR MARMING IT WOULD IN ESSENCE BE MARMING THEIR VERY SELF CLAYTON (2003) STATES THAT BEING CONNECTED TO NATIVE NORTURES OUR ENVIRONMENTAL IDENTITY!

IF CHILDREN ARE CONTINUALLY TAUGHT ABOUT ENDANGERED ANIMALS FROM FAR AWAY ECO - SYSTEMS THABITATS, THEY RISK LOSING AN IMPORTANT CONNECTION TO THEIR LOCAL WILDLIFE + GREEN SPACE.

. THE INCREASE IN

PEOPLE LIVING IN

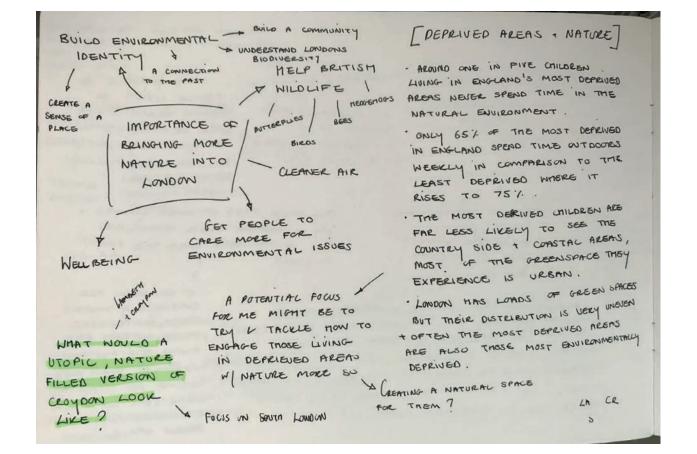
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LACK OF GREEN SPACES

TO OUR DISCONNECTION

FROM NATURE.

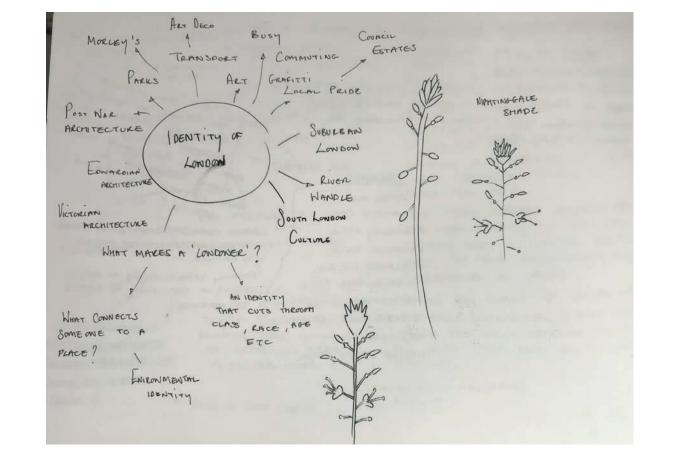
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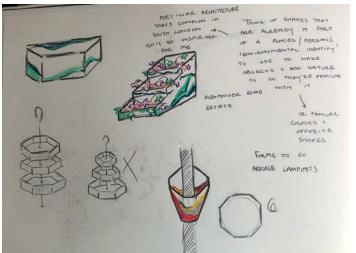


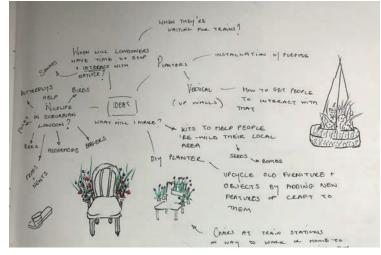
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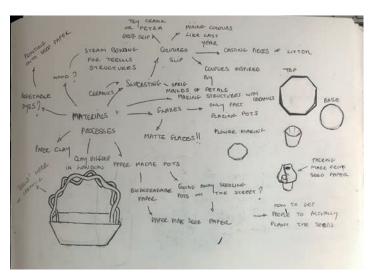
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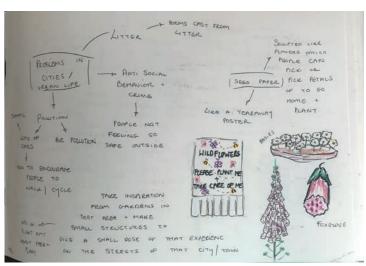
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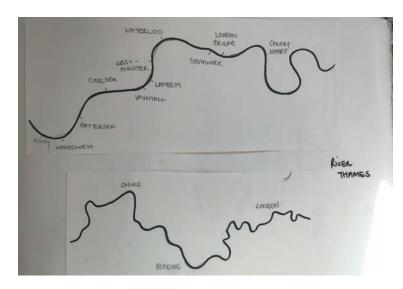


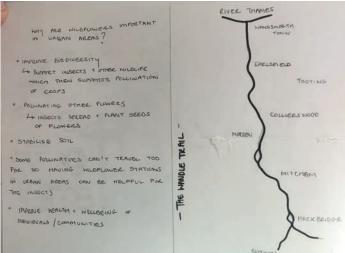


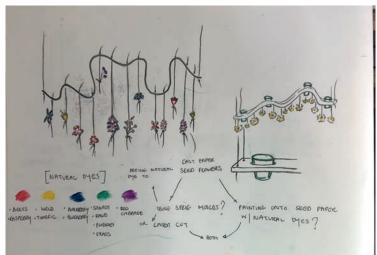




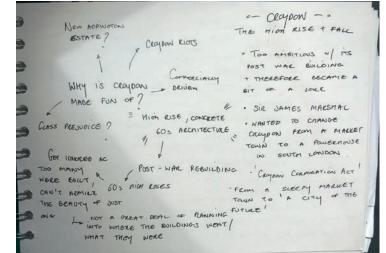


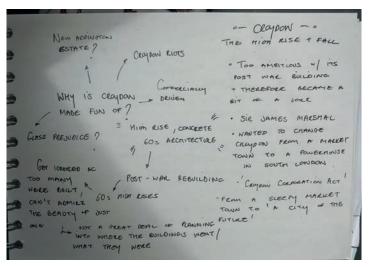












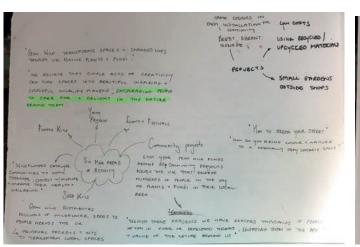
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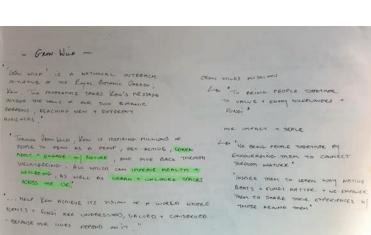






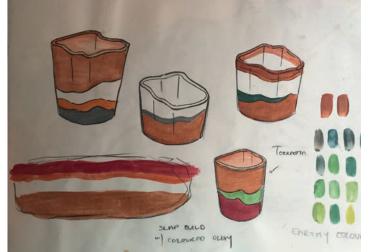


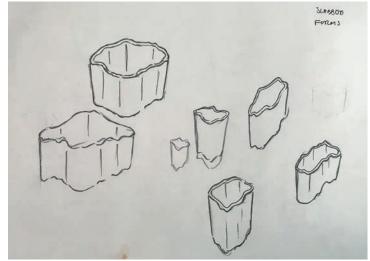






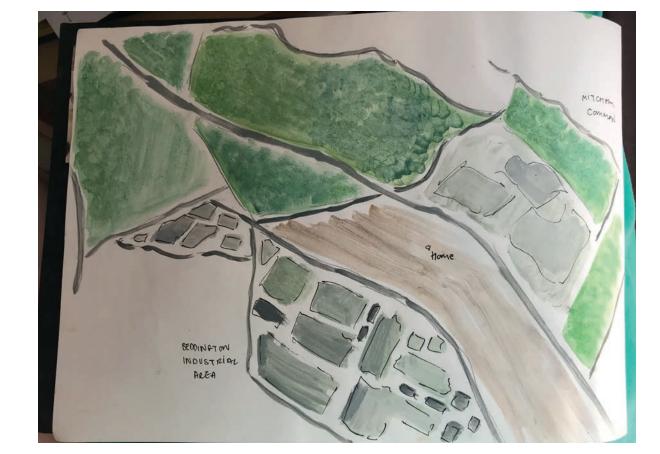




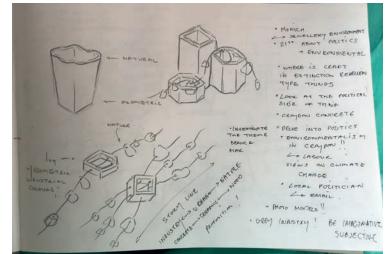


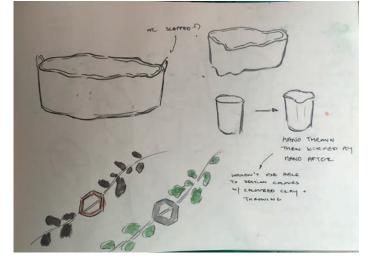


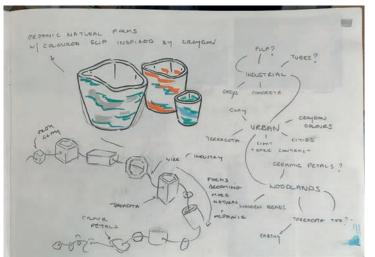


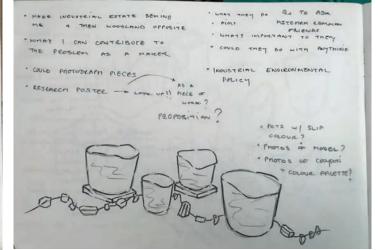


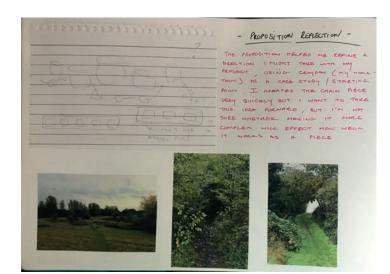
















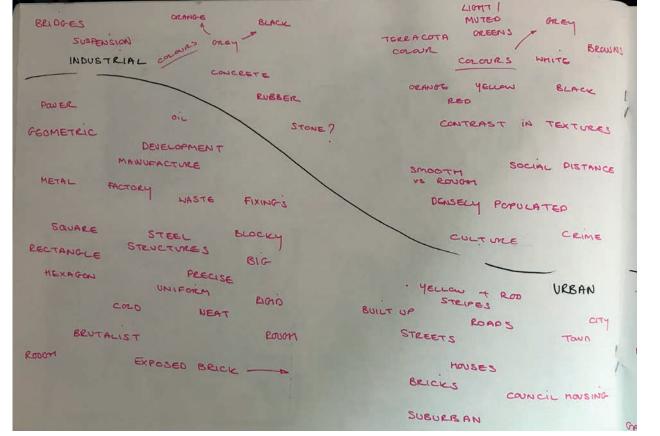


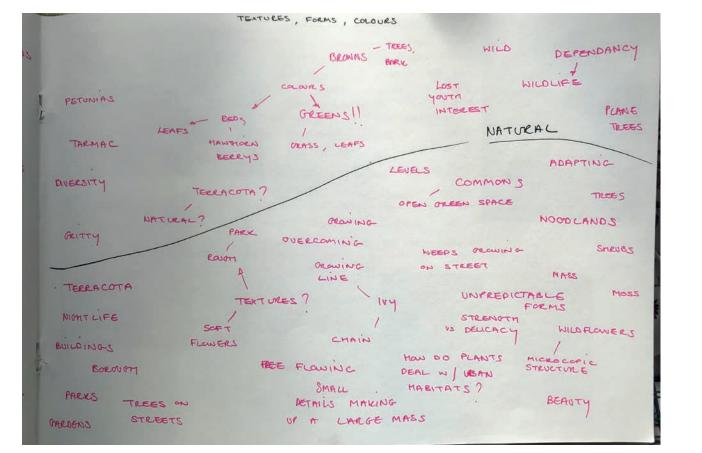


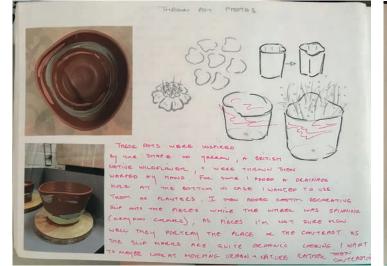


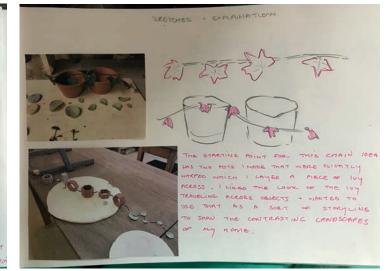




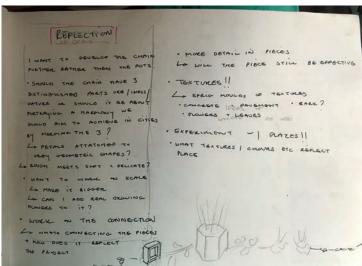


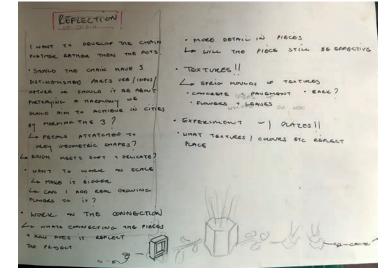




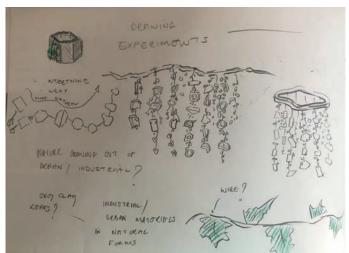


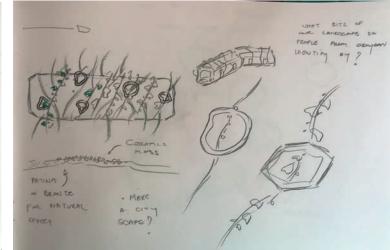














CITY PEOPLES RELATION SMIP -

BETWEEN CITY T WILDERNESS . A CASE FOR WILDER URBAN PATURE - DUIM , DEUTSCH & UMWELTHIE

IA NEW RELATIONSHIP

50% of the worlds repartion LIVE IN CITIES - TREMERCHE MOST PEOPLES PELSEPTION OF NATURE is FROM AN ULBAN VION + WE GET TO KNOW NATURE Theore we are oneen spaces.

· Ulban oneen spaces are created and CULTIVATED BY HUMANS ACCORDING TO THEIR STANDARD'S EATHER THON ATTERVING NATURE

· EXPERIENCING ULBAN WILD AREAS CAN HELP INCLEASE THE READINESS TO PROTECT WILDGENESS OUTSIDE CITIES (TENNA , 2005.)

· MAKING WILD NATURE MUNICARGE + PKONDING

A TANOTICE EXPERIENCE.

NATURE TO DESIGN ITSECF

LA ELODIUGIETY PROTECTION LA RAISE PEWARENESS

. UKEN NATURE CAN MAUE WILDNERNESS LIKE PROPERTIES · URBAN PREEN SPACES ARE OFTEN THE FIRST

+ OFTON THE ONLY POINT OF CONTACT W NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTS FOR MANY CITY DIVELLENS . IT IS MENE THAT WILLANITES PET TO KNOW + LEARN TO APPRECIATE

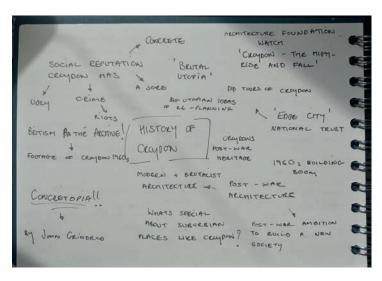
IN THE CHALLENGE IS CONVINCING URBAN City people who the Accustomen to CULTIVATED LANDSCAPES THAT WILDOWNESS DOES NOT ONLY HAVE TO EXIST IN REMOTE AREAS - IT CAN BE FOUND IN THEIR SULLOUNDINGS

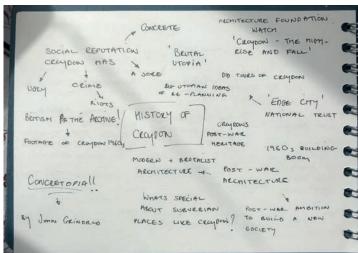
· CONNOTATIONS NILBERNESS HAS

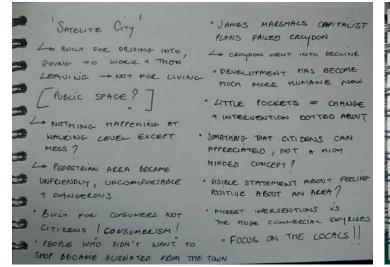
LA SAFETY!

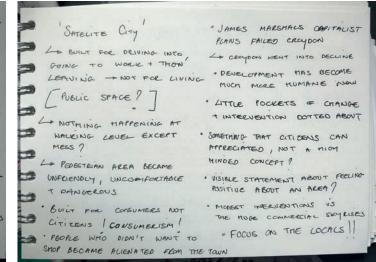
OF NATURE CONSCRIPTION . "ONE PROTECTS ONLY WHAT ONE TRIONS"

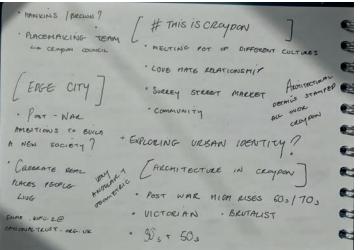












"HANKINS / BROWN ?	# This is Craypon 7
· PLACEMAKING TEAM	MEUTING FOT OF DIFFERENT CULTURES
7	· LOVE HATE REATIONSHIP
[FOGE CITY]	· Survey STEELT MARKET AUGUSTUMED
· PORT - WAR	· Community are organi
A NEW SOCIETY?	+ EXPLORING URBAN IDENTITY?
· Caesare REAL MA	A [ALCHITECTURE IN CROYPON]
PLACES PEOPLE PRIORIES	· POST WAR HIM RISES 60 170 3
EMMR . KINC 2@	· VICTORIAN · BRUTALIST
ATTOMALTEUST, OCC. UK	· 30 s + 50 s

Edge City: Croydon



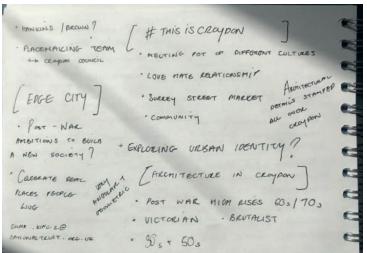
Image of Croydon's NLA tower | National Trust Images / Sophia Schorr-Kon A National Trust celebration of post war politics, place-making and pride.

This June, as part of Croydon Heritage Festival, National Trust London is reviving Edge City: Croydon for one day. Once again we will be running tours around some of Croydon's most iconic buildings and the surrounding 'new town' area. It has only been a year, but Croydon is changing rapidly and this is an apt moment to celebrate its post-war architecture and help shape as well as debate its future.

In July 2016, National Trust London explored the contemporary heritage of Croydon and cast a spotlight on the borough as one of the most important examples of the post-war ambition to build a new society. Following hot on the heels of openings of the Balfron Tower and Southbank Centre, the project aim was to change the perception of heritage from simply country houses and coastlines, and celebrates the real places in which people live, work and play.

Often referred to as an 'Edge City' - a city-sized development on the outskirts of a city - this project is a riposte to Croydon's 'Crap Town' reputation. Everywhere has its own unique spirit of place, and many Croydonians feel tremendous pride for their town. As it begins another wave of regeneration, the National Trust is seeking to spark a debate about what is special and cherished about suburban places like Croydon, which are as awash with heritage, green space and beauty as anywhere else.

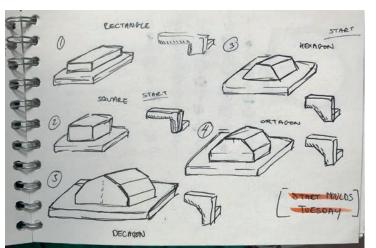
Places like Croydon are the ordinary places in which people live, work, and play. The National Trust wants to reveal how they came about, explore how they took their current form, discover what people love about those places, and establish how we can maintain and develop them for future generations.

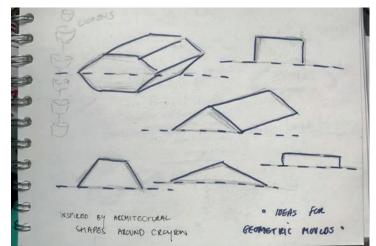


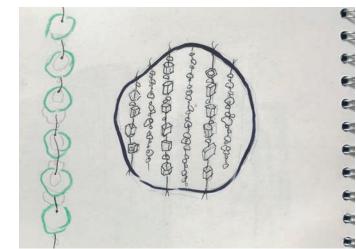


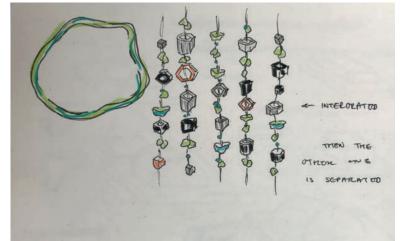


























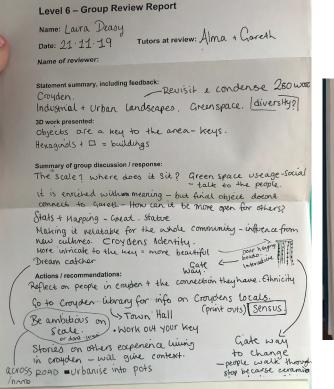






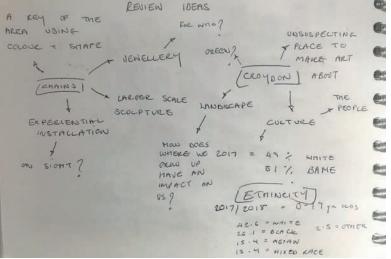






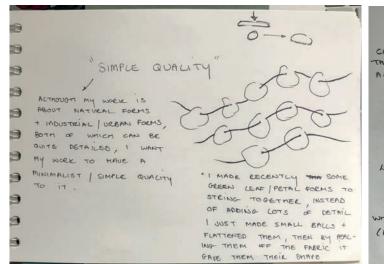
University of Brighton

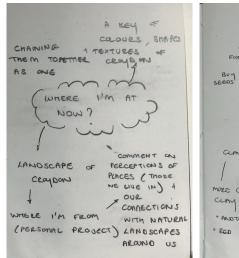
BA (Hons) 3D Design and Craft

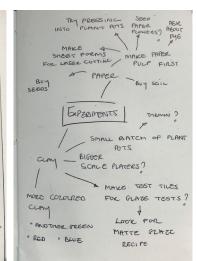












SMALL OR LARGE SCALE I'VE EXPERIMENTED A BIT WITH LARPE SCALE + AM' NOT SURE YOU I FEEL ABOUT IT PARTICULARIN IN A LARGE SCALE - THE GEOMETRIC FORMS SEEM REALLY BLAND ON A LARGER SCALE, I WANT TO FEST SOME LARGER MODELS IN CARDROARD TO NOT WASTE CLAY + THON SEE WHETHER LARGE SCALE IS THE WAY TO GO

I MAKE SPOKEN TO S

FEW TOTORS ASOUT

REMAINING EMAIL SCALE

BUT DOING MULTIPLE

SMALL PIECES TO MAKE

UP A LARGE PIECE, I

REALLY LIKE THIS IDEA

IT MORE,

PERMARS THE DEOMETRIC
FORMS WORK ON A SMALL
SCALE + MORE NATURALISTIC
FORMS WORK ON A CARRE
SCALE, IS THERE A WAY
OR COMBINING THE TWO

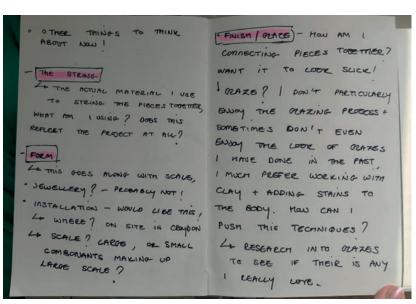
TAKING · CLOYDON ISN'T THE SCALE (MOUSTRIAL) -NOTICED FOR IT'S of FLOWOR CNATURE BEAUTY , in URBAN SPACES OR IN REVERSAL SMALL ONES , YET IT'S AN DELICATE TAKING THE SCALE LANDSCAPE MANY LONDONERS (MOCOCLAN OS) LIVE + PROW UP IN . PREENSPICES ! BUILDINGS . 00 WE NOTICE + APPRECIATE OUR LO CAL LANDSCAPES FACTORIES 00 THE PLACES WE ORAW SHAPE US ? B1 0 1

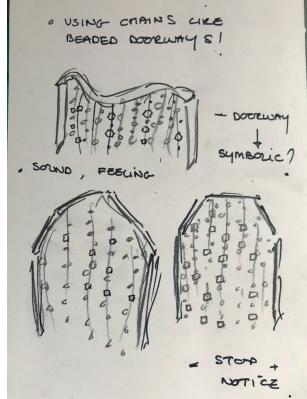
OTHER THINGS TO THINK ABOUT NOW ! THE STEING THE MOTURE MATERIAL I USE TO STEING THE PIECES TOPETHE WHAT AM I USING ? DOBS THIS REFLEET THE PROJECT AT ALL? LA THIS GOES ALONG WITH SCALE, · JEWELLERY ? - PECENBLY NOT INSTALLATION - WOULD LIKE 4 WHERE ? ON SITE IN COMPON LA SCALE ? CARGO , OR SMACL COMBONANTS MAKING UP LARGE SCALE ?

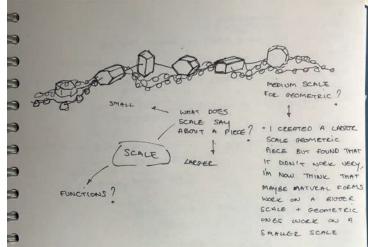
FINISH / GLAZE) CONNECTING PIECES TOO THER? WANT IT TO LOOK SLICK! ORAZE? I DON'T PARTICULARIN ENWAY THE PLAZING PROCESS + SOMETIMES DON'T EVEN ENDOY THE LOTTE OF OTATES HAVE DONE IN THE PAST MUCH PREFER WORKING WITH CLAY + ADDING STAINS TO THE BODY, HOW CAN I Push This TECHNIQUES / 4 RESERBECH INTO ORAZES TO SEE IF THEIR IS ANY CEALLY LOVE -

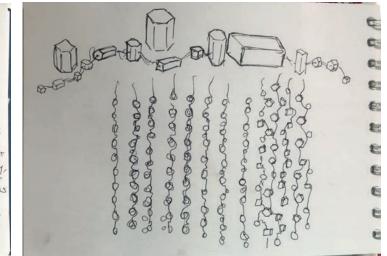
I FEEL LIKE THE FORMS OF MEXAGONS + SQUARES ETC Which I'm workING WITH FEEL QUITE ONER DONE NOW WORKING WITH COLOURS STENGERE QUITE A BIT PENDERTING SHAPES " MODEL MAKING ? BITE?

TEST OUT USING moves ? what DO I THINK AFTER THAT EXPLORE GEOMETRIC FORMS MORE WITH MODELS CA SPEND MORE TIME MAKING NATURAL FORMS AS A BREAK FROM THE GEOMETRIC FORMS, I NORMALLY PREFER WORKING WITH CURVED, CIRCULAR / FLANING FORMS 80 IT MAKES SENSE I'M PETTING SUPPTLY FOO UP WITH REMETRICS!





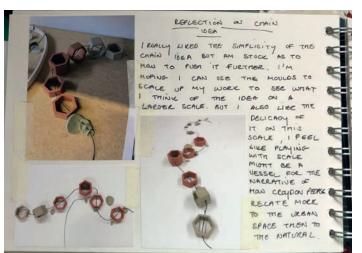




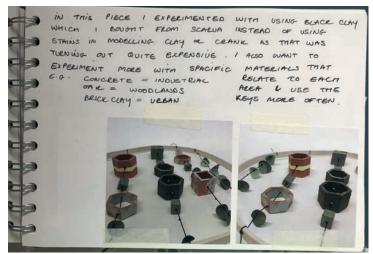
 $\frac{1}{2}$







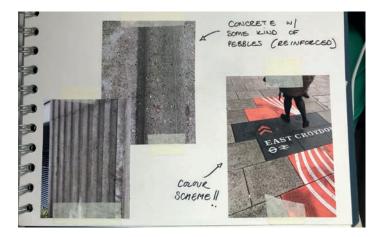


















LOOKING AT NATURE

HUE SPENT MOST OF THE CAST
FEW WEEKS FOCUSING ON THE

UEBAN INDUSTRIAL LANDSCAPE OF

CEOLOGN BUT I NOW WANT

TO GET BACK TO THE NATURAL

SIDE OF MY TOWN. MY PROJECTS

INITIAL FOCUS WAS TO ENCOURAGE

LONDONELS TO ESCEPTAT CEUTERIAN

THE NATORE WITHIN THE CITY +

IMPROVE PEOPLES CONNECTION T

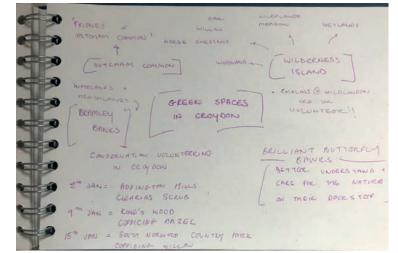
AWARENESS OF THOSE SPACES.

ARE RECOGNISABLEY "CROYDON" THROUGH TO REPRESENT THE NATURAL LANSCAPE OF CROYDON (USING THE SAME METHOUS) INTERTWINED WI THE URBAN CANDSCAPE, SO THAT QUESTION | EXPLORE ! NATURAL LOCAL LAND AVAILABLE TO BEAUTY THAT CAN BE I FEEL LIKE This RESEARCH LIVE BEEN DOING INTO UTOPIAN ESCAPISM + WILLIAM MORRIS FOR MY DISSERTATION, IN MIS WRITING MORRIS DREAMS OF LONDON

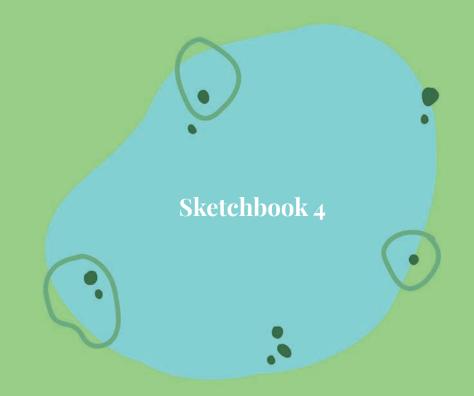
IN TEEMS & ENVIRONMENTAL IDENTITY LONDONERS ARE VERY CONNECTED TO THE URBAN SPACES ACREADY AS WE EXPERIENCE THEM THE MOST (ORANING UP, LIVING, WORKING) SO IN THIS PROJECT, WHICH CELEBRATES GREEN SPACE , + THE MY PROJECT INITIALLY WAS TO CELEBRATE THE CREEN SIDE OF LONDON NOW MY PROJECT HAS TRANSFORMED SLIGHTY INTO INVESTIGATING LOUDON'S ENVIRONMENTAL IDENTITY, FOCUSING PARTICULARY an craypon, + why we representing both the URBAN + THE NATURAL ONES AS AN ILLUSTRATION cray DON. GROWING UP IN CRAY DON, I DION'T THE GREEN SPACE THAT'S AVAILABLE CREATE PLECES WHICH

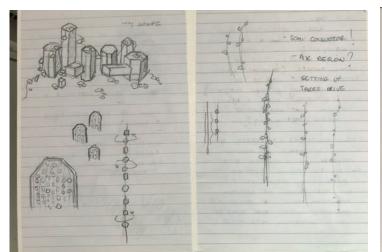
THAT AN OUTCOME MAY TAKE THE FORM OF A PUBLIC INSTALLATION THAT MAY ALSO SERVE A FUNCTIONAL OR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSE WAYS THEY CAN HELP, WHATS AROUND SiDE MY ARTWORK (JACQUI SUCCESTED)

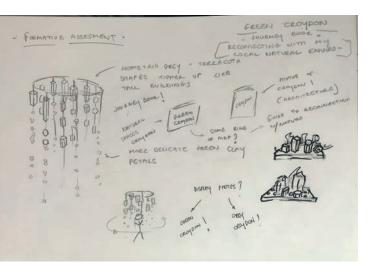
ALSO LOVE LONDON ARCHITECTURE + AS ITS THE BACK DROP OF WHELE BUT SIMILARY I FEEL I MISSED OUT THE NATURAL LANDSCAPE THAT THINKING PROJECT WOULD INSTALLATION

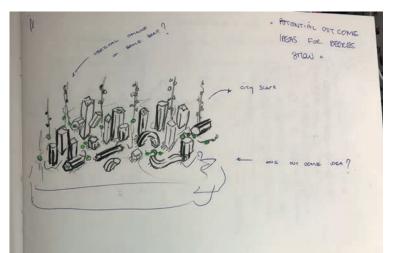


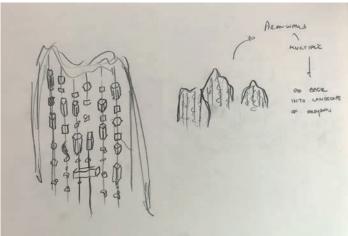




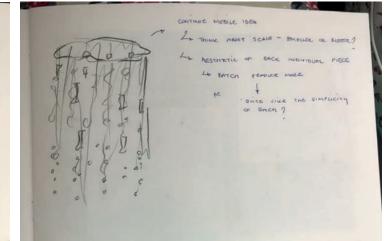


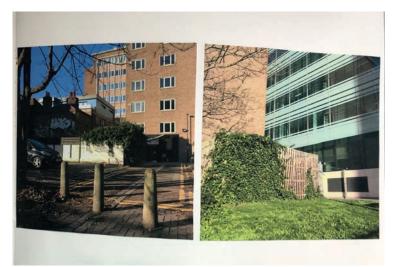




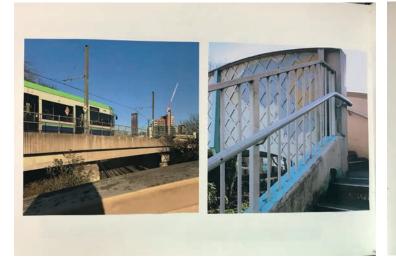






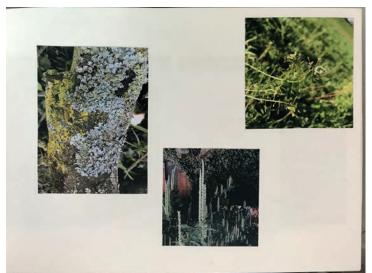


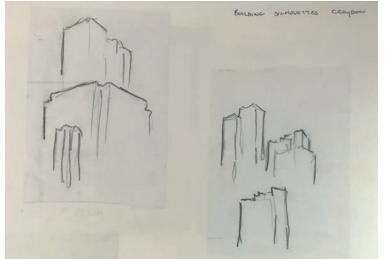


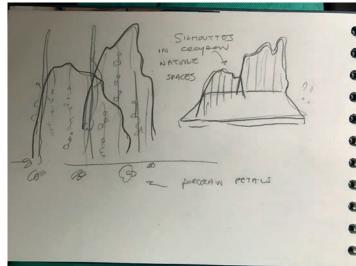


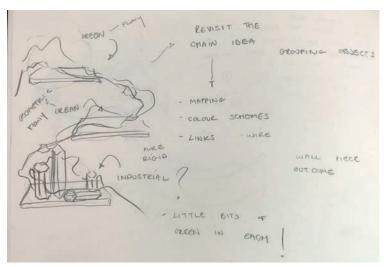


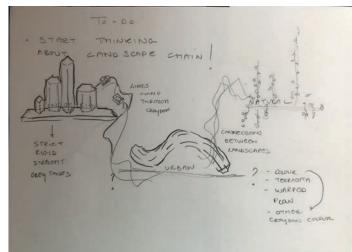


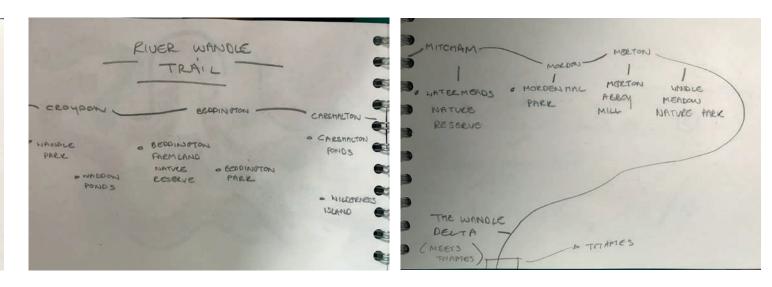




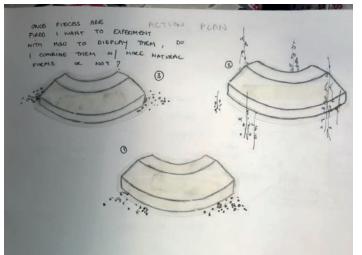


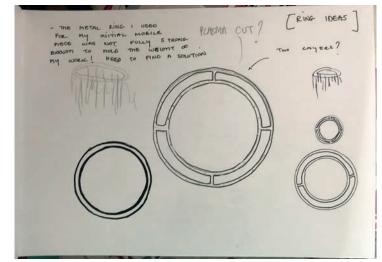


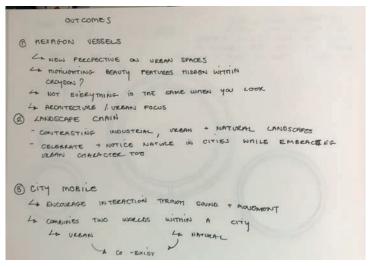






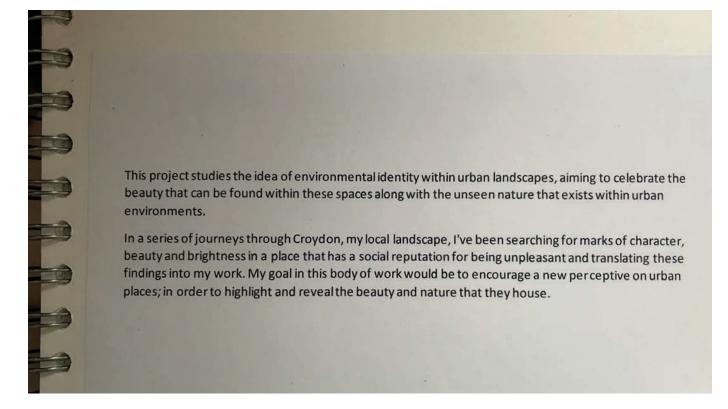






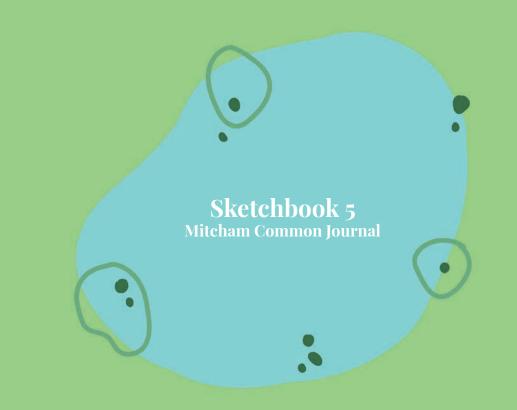


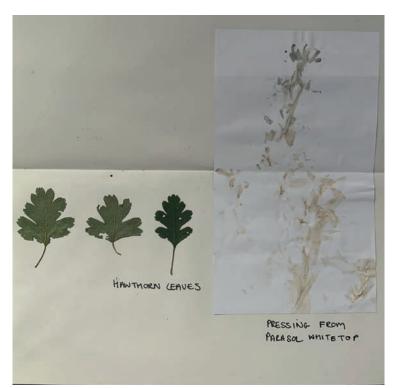


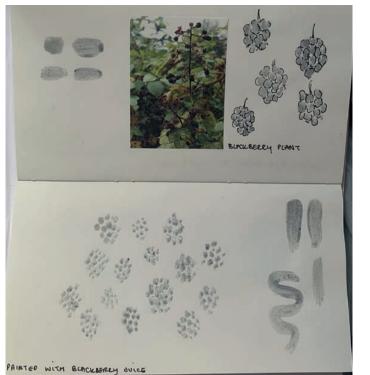






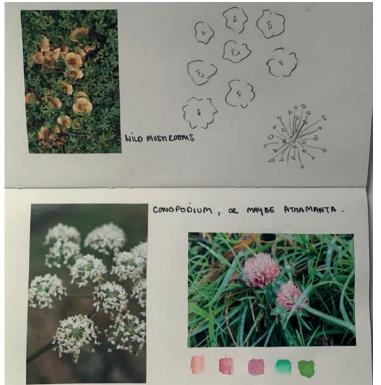




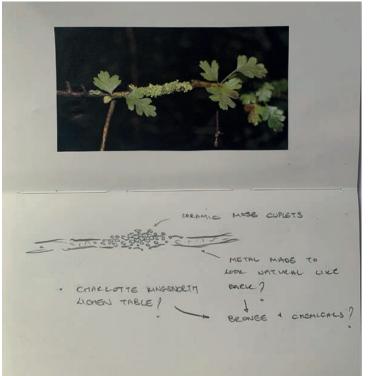


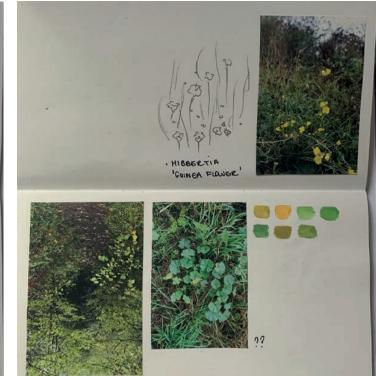












Croydon walk 1









2 17.

Croydon walk 2













Croydon walk 3

























B&Q trip

In January I took a trip to B&Q, a place that combined industry and nature, and tried to look at it as a mini Croydon. In contrast to the rest of the store the garden centre section was rather empty! But instead of seeing this as a bad thing I searched for what plants were there and developed drawings that focused on these.















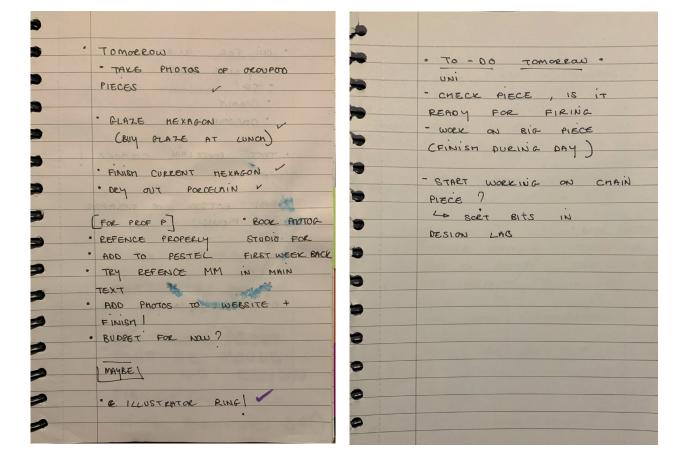


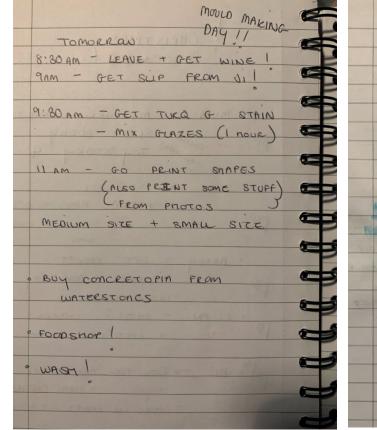




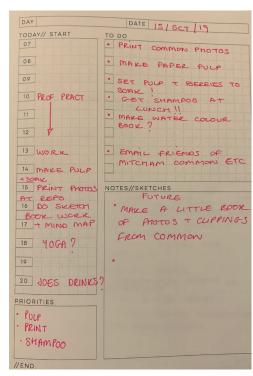


Throughout the year I used a few different techniques of planning my time and managing tasks that needed completing. My main technique of planning was creating daily and weekly lists, which I usually binned after I completed all tasks listed unfortunately, I also used drawings from time to time in order to visualise what tasks needed to be completed. I also used a planner diary occasionally to plan out certain days in a structured way, helping me to prioritise certain tasks as well as plan studio work along side other things going on outside of the studio. This chapter documents some of my lists as well as an outlined plan of each month and what work was completed.



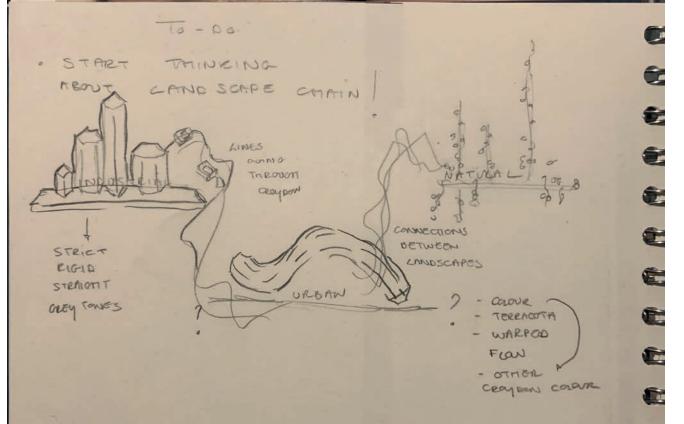


· UNI FOR 9: 80 AM · BUY LIME GREEN · COBALT · CHROME · TEST PORCE LAIN COLOURS WASH BOTTOM OF HEXAGON FOR FIRING GO WORK ON PP " EMPIL BACK DIANE









Summer – Exploring London, particularly its natural spaces to help solidify the main idea of the project, its main themes and aims. Here I noticed that there seems to be good access to green spaces in central London but less of a focus on it on the outskirts of London.

September - Experimenting with initial ideas, Nature in London, in the studio. Defining if the project had a practical or conceptual purpose.

October – Narrowing down my research to focus on Croydon, my hometown. Making a cardboard model of my house and street. Initial walk on Mitcham Common looking at what species can be found on the common and my immediate local area. One walk into Croydon town centre looking for colour inspiration, thinking about how I can combine the research from these tw walks (this led to the landscape chain and the terracotta yarrow pots)

November – Second walk looking for unique forms in the architecture or Croydon town centre, this is when the hexagon shape became more of a focus. Developing extruded forms, coloured clay/slip tests, engobes, petal forms to combine geometric forms with natural ones. These experiments lead to the creation of the key used to visual convey the urban, the natural and the industrial spaces in Croydon. Testing black clay and concrete sprig mould.

December – Wall hung mobile outcome made, using a ceramic ring a string to form a map of Croydon using the key of differen landscapes. This led me to want to make a bigger outcome using strung together ceramic pieces showing the different landscapes of Croydon. 3 small plaster moulds made to help me make different geometric shaped forms for larger mobile.

January – B&Q research trip. Another walk around Croydon focusing on colours and patterns. Using the extruder to create curved/bended geometric forms. First large-scale mobile outcome produced using moulded and extruded pieces and petal forms. Litter pick with friends of Mitcham Common. Wilderness Island visit and third Croydon walk focusing on colour and pattern.

February – Hazel coppicing with The Conservation Volunteers and John Grindrod guided walk. Planning large scale curved hexagon using model making and surface decoration tests. Organising sledging profile and rig. Sledging and mould making.

March - Construction and firing of first hexagon vessel. Plasma cutting of ring for mobile and begin batch production of extruded forms for this using decorative details from Croydon. Porcelain experiments for petal forms. (*From this point on the workshop has closed, the following is what I planned to do*) learning from the making/firing of the first hexagon vessel produce another four/five. Whilst hexagon vessels take time to dry extruded/ make petals for mobile, have mobile forms ready to fire before Easter break.

April - Finish any hexagon vessels, aim to have three or five good ones for degree show. Plasma cut arches for landscape chain. Test construction of mobile during Easter break week. Start constructing landscape chain

May – Make another vessel (last resort if firings went wrong). Make any final pieces for landscape chain. Print pictures/ photo book/ research document for degree show (print before degree show set up)



Summer/September



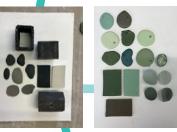




















October

November











January





















Late February





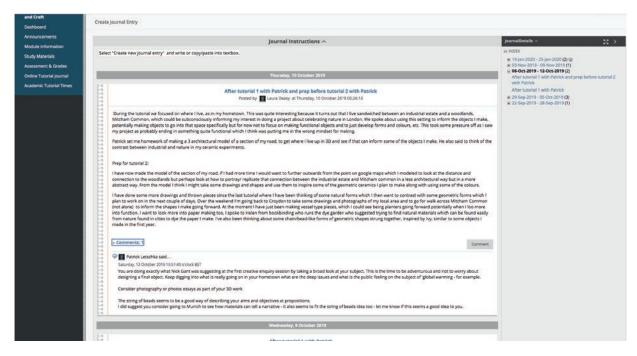








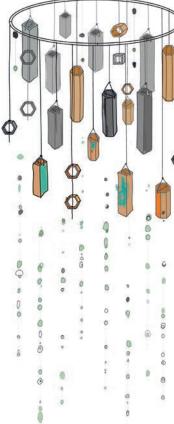
March



Throughout the year I found tutorials with my two tutors once every few weeks very useful in terms reviewing the stage I was at, which then helped me organise how to move forward with ideas and studio explorations. The online journal was a great tool for documenting my thoughts and plans.



Due to the UK lockdown the majority of my final 3D outcomes were never resolved, this chapter explores a set of illustrations and tests which visualise my ambitions for my final pieces which would have concluded my body of work



Poplar Hanging mobile outcome

This illustration shows what I imagine the final mobile outcome will look like, it combines the three different landscapes that make up my local area, industrial, urban and natural. I was able to reflect onto each of the ceramic bead pieces a personal sense of Croydon's landscape by adding specific details I found in these areas. The urban and industrial beads were going to hang from thin black leather string, with 2-6 beads thread onto each string, whilst the natural beads were to be thread separate to the other beads on either white cotton thread or see through plastic thread. The frame which it all hung from was plasma cut from steel to ensure strength whilst also introducing an industrial material into the piece, the frame had an outer ring for the urban and industrial beads to be hung from and an inner ring for the natural beads to hang from so when a person stands inside it they feel closer to the natural forms. The aim of this piece was to generate that feeling of being within an urban city setting with an emphasise on small details of beauty, added to by the subtle sounds and motions of the mobile. This piece presents both the urban and natural world existing together in harmony



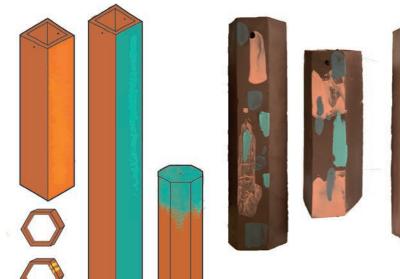










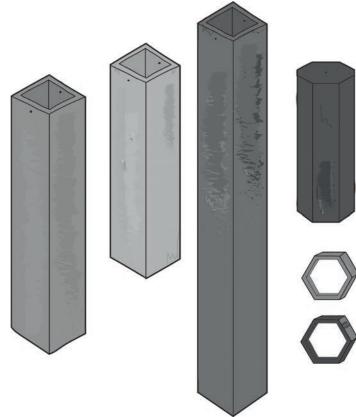




The urban beads were going to be mainly made of terracotta clay, reflecting some one the suburban settings around Croydon, in square and hexagon prism tubes subtly inspired by the architecture around Croydon town centre. These would mainly be extruded but some would also be cast using terracotta slip. I wanted most (roughly 50-75%) of the urban beads to have one side with small abstracted details reflecting colours and textures I found around Croydon town centre. These details would be added using stains and oxides in decorative slip and crank clay to give extra texture.

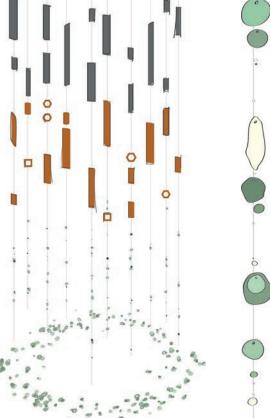






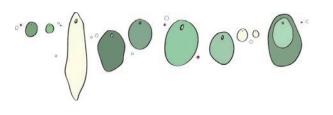
Industrial

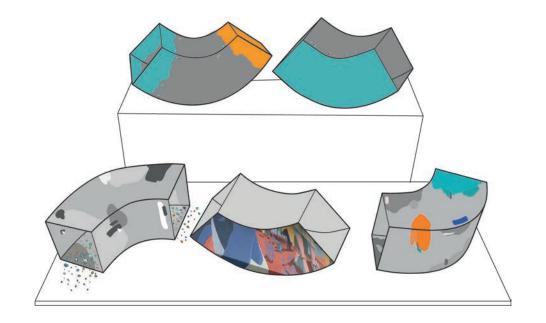
Along with the the urban pieces the industrial beads will be on the top half of the mobile to reflect a sense of buildings/towers/factories growing above our heads in a city setting. Extruded using black clay and grey/black coloured crank these pieces will be mainly square tubes with an occasional slip cast hexagonal piece using black stained semi porcelain slip. To add extra tones and texture I would have used a sprig mould of concrete to recreate that texture along with different shades of blacks and greys as surface minimal decoration using coloured crank and stained decorative slip.



Natural

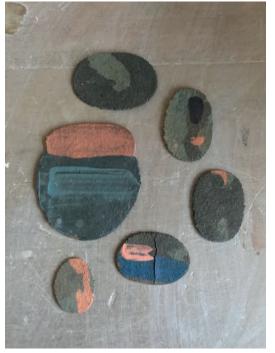
At the lower half of the mobile on the inner ring would have been small hand-built petal forms reflecting the natural side of Croydon. Although they would have been heavily concentrated on the lower half I planned to also place a few green petals within the urban middle section and create some petal forms from black clay to go into the industrial top half to keep this natural form a constant throughout the whole piece. To incorporate a personal side of this natural landscape I planned to include some porcelain petals to reflect the yarrow flowers I found during my recent explorations of Mitcham Common and some very small dark red stained porcelain ball beads to reflect my childhood experiences of berry picking on the common. The petals would have then travelled to the ground to form a scattered ring around the mobile, some petals piled on top of each other. These positions reflect the levels that each landscape lives at.





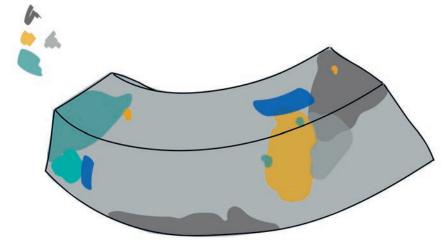
Cronx

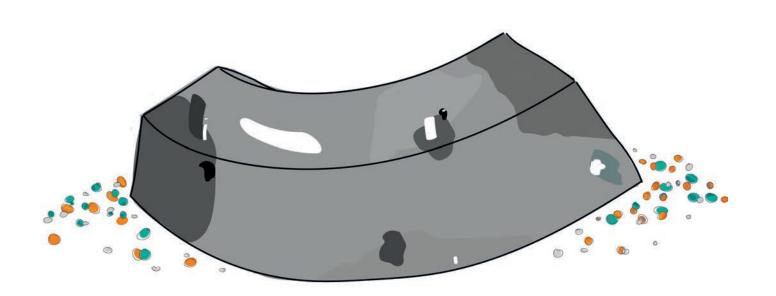
This set of large curved vessel named after my hometown explored the idea of exploring and seeking new perspective on the everyday, ordinary urban landscape many of us live in. The hollow nature of this piece hopes to encourage people to look into and around the vessel, embodying this idea of exploring for before unseen beauty within our everyday life.



Vessel 1

This vessel would have would have used a similar technique to the test tiles pictured on the left, by colouring clay and then joining different colours before slab rolling them, but on a large scale before the slabs are pressed into my large hexagon curve mould. On top of this I would have created smaller details of colour using stained decorative slip. I planned to glaze just one side of this shape.





Using the same technique as vessel 1 but mainly using greys/black coloured crank clay with white decorative slip. In the inside petal forms trail to the outside of the vessel, unlike the green petals used on the mobile I would have made these bright urban colours using that same rolling different colours together then slab rolling them technique. I would have likely used stained porcelain to add a contrasting texture to the crank vessel, I wanted to use the same natural petal form but with an urban twist for this vessel.

As the only vessel to be fired before workshop closures this piece helped me visualise other future vessels in terms of surface decoration. The two ends of this vessel reflect two colours I found in Croydon town centre, with a clear glaze to highlight them.









For this vessel I wanted to go more detailed with the surface one one of the sides of the hexagon shape, specifically inspired by graffiti found in Croydon to connect more to the culture of the place as well as it's landscape. For this I was planning on either using decorative slip and stencils to recreate a similar pattern or using digital transfers if it could be completed in time.





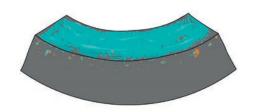


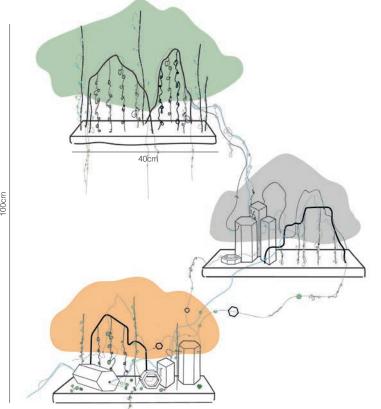






This vessel was made but unfired before workshop closures, it would have been fired straight up to stoneware with no glaze. One side had decorative slip of a colour found in Croydon, along with small details of colour on the two connecting sides.

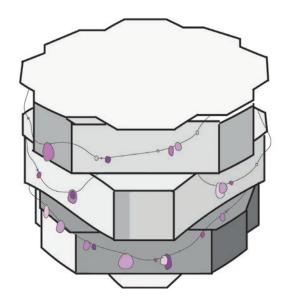




Landscape chain Wall piece

This sketch shows what I believe it would have turned out like, using three separate wall mounted tiers to represent industrial, urban and natural landscapes. Each section is connected by various wires, one of which being blue toned to symbolise the River Wandle, entangled with ceramic petal and leaf forms which travel throughout each tier to show the overgrowing nature that exists throughout South London. Each section has a small arch like form which I imagined would be plasma cut from steel, an industrial material to representing the River Wandle's industrial past.

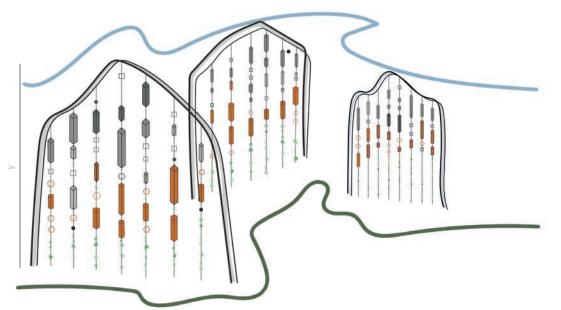
Stacking vessel proposal



This stacked vessel idea was an idea I was just beginning to develop when the UK went into lockdown. Its was largely inspired by the No1 Croydon building, one of my personal favourites in town. Each tier would be individual casts of the identical shape but each one shifted 45 degrees to create the same effect as the building. I wanted to explore casting with different tones of greys, blacks and whites as even though in other outcomes I focused on brighter colours found in the urban landscape I also wanted to explore the beauty within the monochrome. I was looking forward to experimenting with height on this piece as the forms could almost be stacked limitlessly. I was also thinking of adding a chain of natural forms around the edges in purple/pink tones, taken from Saffron Square in Croydon.







Arch proposal

At the same time I was coming up with the mobile idea I thought of using an arch way form rather then the mobile form. This would have had slightly less movement and sound but I liked how the arch/doorway form represented a new beginning, which fitted the concept of looking at things from a new perspective that has run through my work. The arch itself would have been made from steel with the beads either hanging from string, same as the mobile, so that they still moved slightly and a person could walk through the arch slowly, noticing the fragile nature of the ceramic beads. Or the beads would be thread onto a thin steel rod to limit the motion and make it applicable to an outdoor environment.

Reflection

Over this past academic year my confidence in my own practice has grown as my skill set has expanded. I faced some big technical learning curves when it came to going large scale with my curved vessels and when working towards the mobile outcome but taking the time to prepare and develop my technical knowledge, particularly thanks to the help of the technicians and tutors, enabled me to be more ambitious in this body of work in comparison to the past. Having this extra confidence in my technical skills also opened up more possibilities to different ideas that I might have dismissed before. As this was quite a personal project I really enjoyed the research side to this body of work, finding out about the history, context and issues which surround London and then going further into rediscovering my own hometown. I think the integration of this research into my studio practice was effective due to the approach I took, initially remaining open and broad at the beginning and then enabling it to become more focused. By continuously reflecting on my studio work and research in my sketchbooks and tutorials I was able to organise where my project might leading.

As the workshops closed I had just fired my first curved vessel, had another waiting to be fired and another one in the making. I could finally see things coming together. In terms of resolution I'm proud of myself for being ambitious with the outcomes I would have had, the idea and scale of the curved vessels and mobile are much grander then what I would have imagined I'd be making for my degree show at the start of the year. Each of my planned outcomes are enriched with this idea of finding the overlooked beauty and nature within urban settings, which then extends further into discovering an appreciation of the everyday. Each outcome holding a slightly different narrative to this message within their forms and details. I have thoroughly enjoyed taking this body of research and translating it into my studio work, and I'm excited to continue this body of work in the studio as soon as possible!

