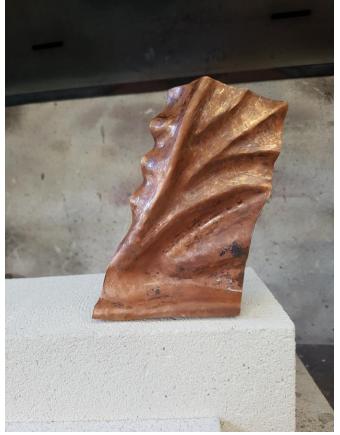
## Three - dimensional Development

Samuel. S. Kent









## First movments

This was my first attempt at making a fluid form for this project.

It set a direction of travel, without thought I was using a rectangle of copper and hammer techniques to create this form.



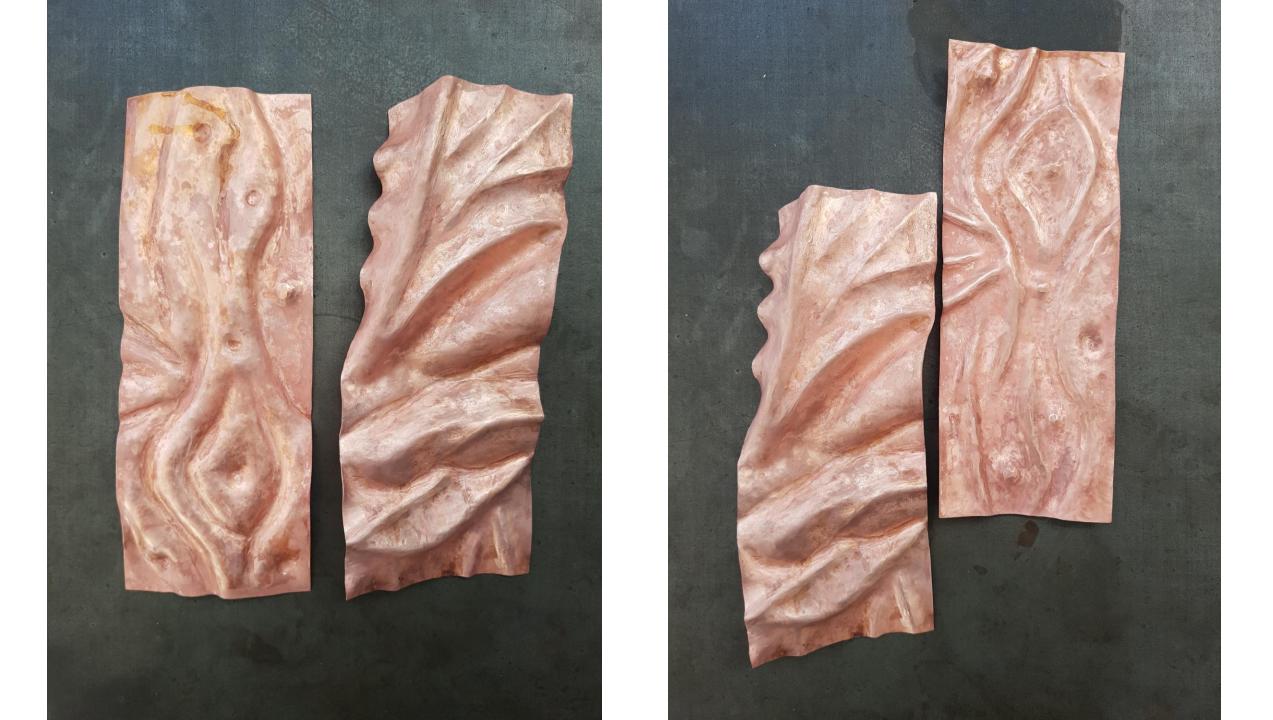


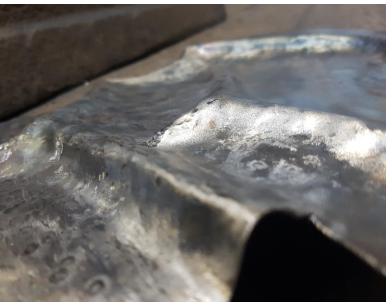
I first expriemented with processes that involved combining repoussé and chasing techniques with raising techniques.

I was searching for a meditative style of making

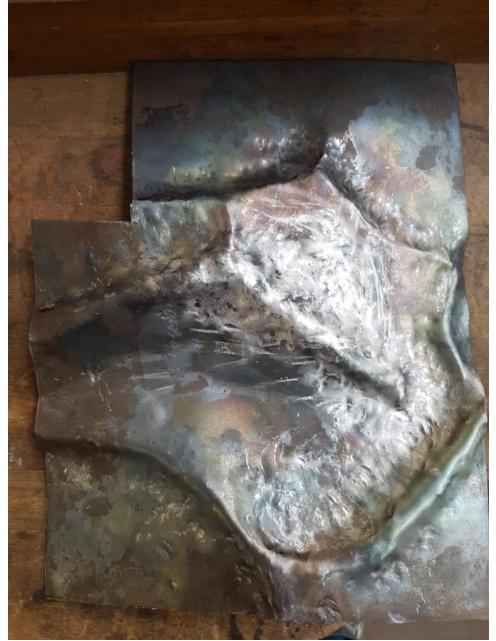




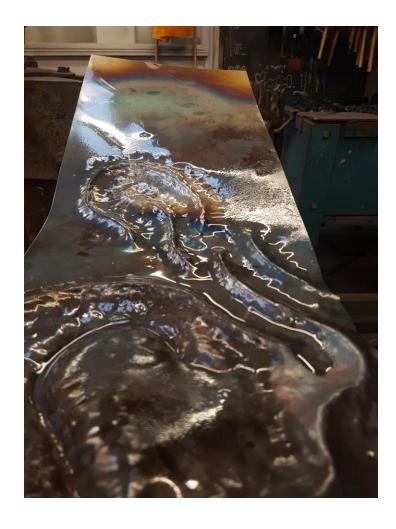




As I ventured into steel, I found this piece to be to reminescent of landscape. I wanted to avoid the depiction of anything to specific.







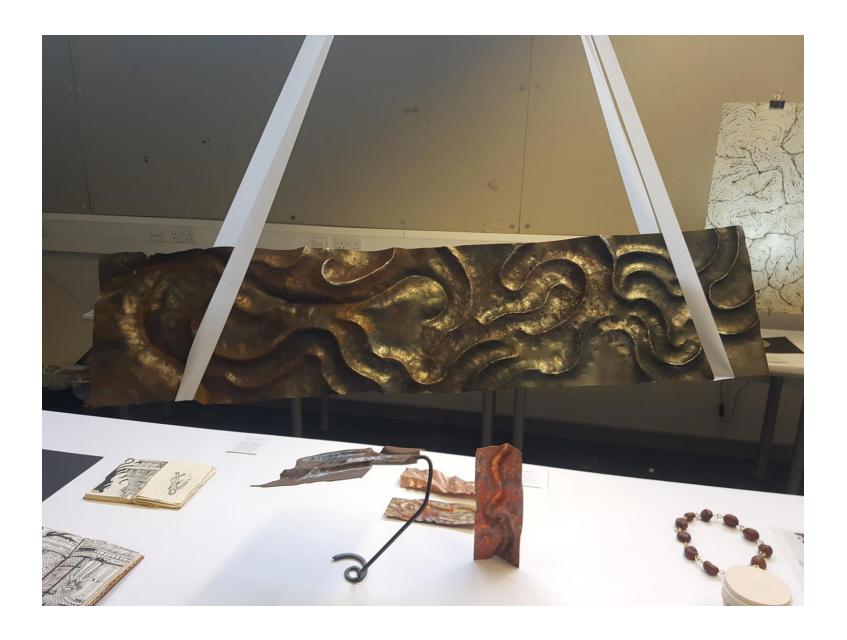
I quickly became influenced by 'Li' meaning organic order, a concept that lies within Taoism. These Taoist and concequently Zen phiolosophies would go on to influence the underlying beliefes behing my work.

Although from the beggining I was adamant that this would not become a project about any eastern 'religion'



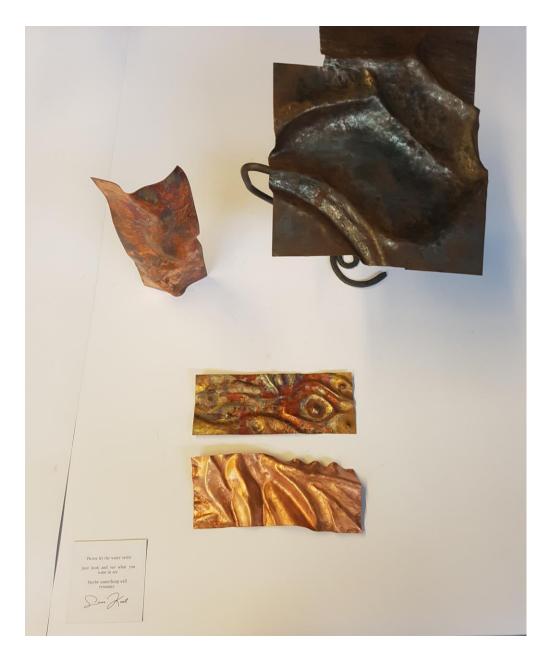


At first, I really loved this piece, but my interest quickly dwindled as I began to find it very flat with too much going on. It wasn't satisfying to look at.



During my first mock exhibition, I hadn't given much thought to the curation and display of my initial work. I quickly realised hanging this main piece was a mistake.

It was seeing this 'Li' piece in this context that made me realise it wasn't the type of work I wanted to make.



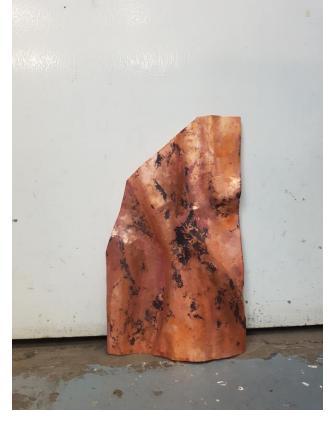
'Please, let the water settle

Just looks and see what you want to see

Maybe something will resonate'



Through conversation with my peers, it came as a monumental realisation that this wonderfully simple piece became more intriguing than any of my others.



Everything I had made seemed to be very *flat* I had to remind myself to play with depth and perspective.





I begin with a flat sheet;
I should not finish with one too



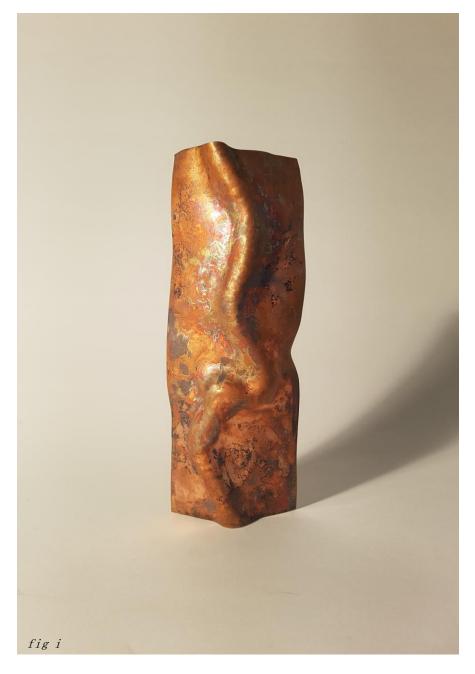


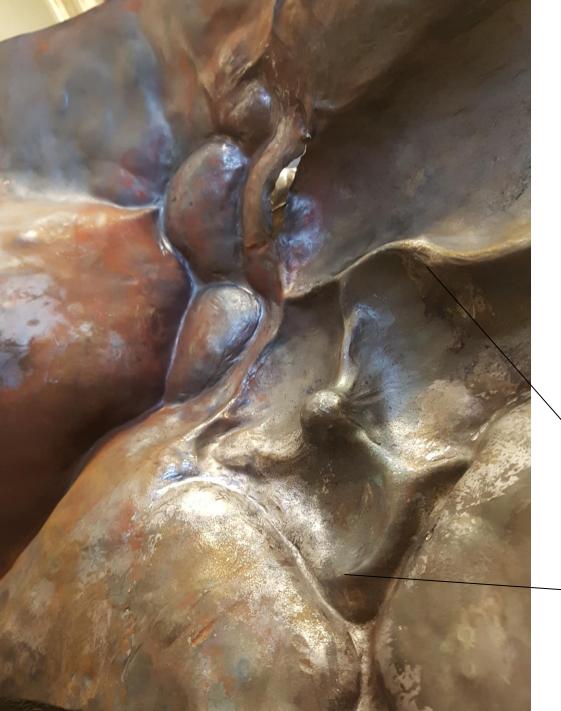


Fig i. This was an important influence for me as I moved forward.

It caused the birth of my next piece fig ii.

I realised simplicity and fluidity where important themes in my work, as I explored this path further, I saw my work moving towards monolithic forms that wanted to tower over the spectator. This caused me to gradualy increase the scale of my sculptures and move towards steel.





I still found myself making complicated shapes and over working the material, it takes a lot of control to tell yourself a piece is finished.

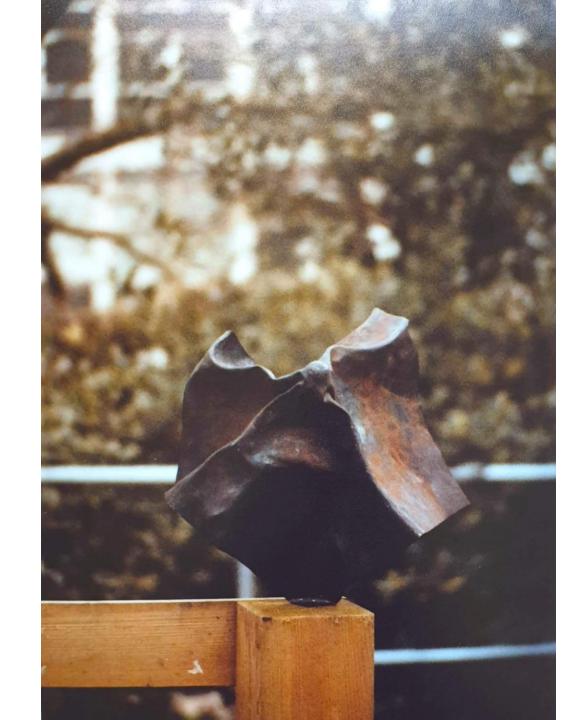
I loved the look of this specific feature, it inspired me to make something with this form as the focal point.





I first placed this piece flat on the table, with its four points of contact it felt heavy and clunky.

I then folded a corner of it so that it would balance, now it seemed poised and weightless, like a discarded tissue in the wind.

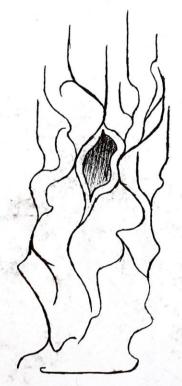


Beauty proceeds language, by searching for definition we only confine.

Humans have an innate urge to define everything. We put grid systems over the untamed nature to make it mappable. We reduce music to numbers and sequences. Words are used to describe and explain everything around us.

But it we torget about definition, torget what an object is meant to be. Then maybe the mind will get the opportunity to wonder freely.

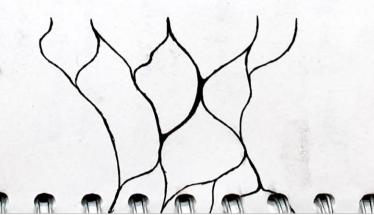
To me the only thing we truly have is our mind, our thoughts, our emotions.

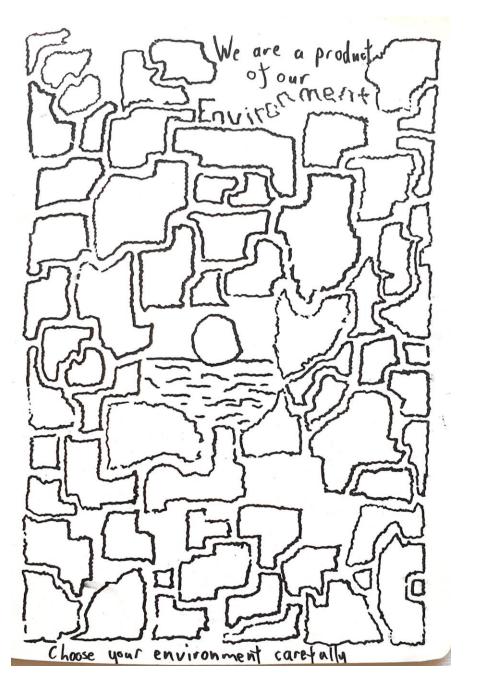


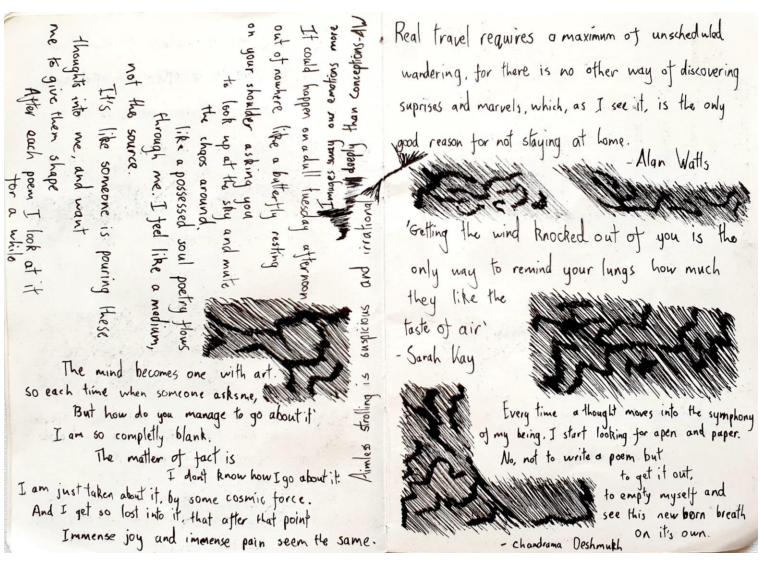
By making a 'something' my aim is to simply cause a reaction, an emotion felt, a thought had. The more those thoughts and feelings engulf the viewer the more effective my work has been.

That said I have no right to tell people what to think, so I ask one thing of every person that sees my work.

Be true to yourself and see what your mind wants to see, let your mind think what it wants to think.



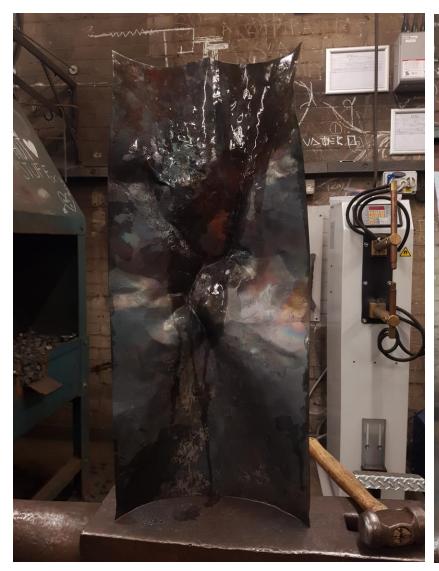




Scribblings of quotes that influened me; Alan Watts, Chandrama Deshumukh, Sarah Kay

A favourite of mine for its simplicity and depth.

I found myself stuck on what to do next while forging this piece. I sat outside looking at this shape for a long time. Then a sudden realisation made me use my hands to bend the piece from the second picture to the third.









My first consious realisation about the importance of a 'creative pause'.

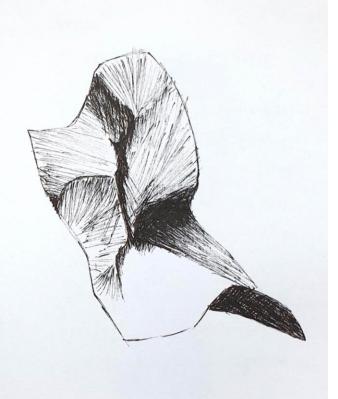
This creative pause, simply sitting outside to get some fresh air while staring at this shape without any intention of completion, but instead to just take in what I was making had such a profound impact on the piece and my process.

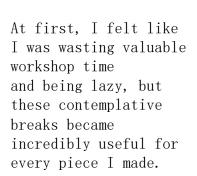










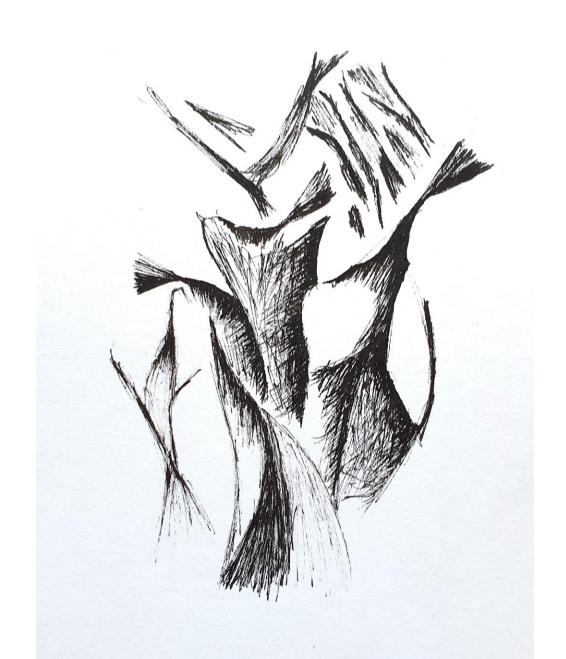














I used my 35mm film camera to take some shots of the pieces I had made so far.

After developing the pictures and reflecting on them I realised using foliage, grass and nature in general as a backdrop is a mistake.





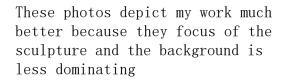


I didn't want my work to be associated with garden sculpture.

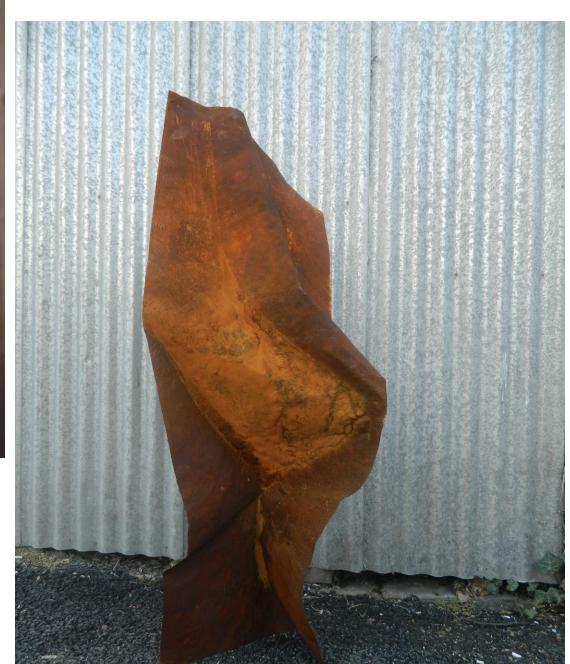
Therefore, a plain white background or something with a blanket texture was more appropriate.

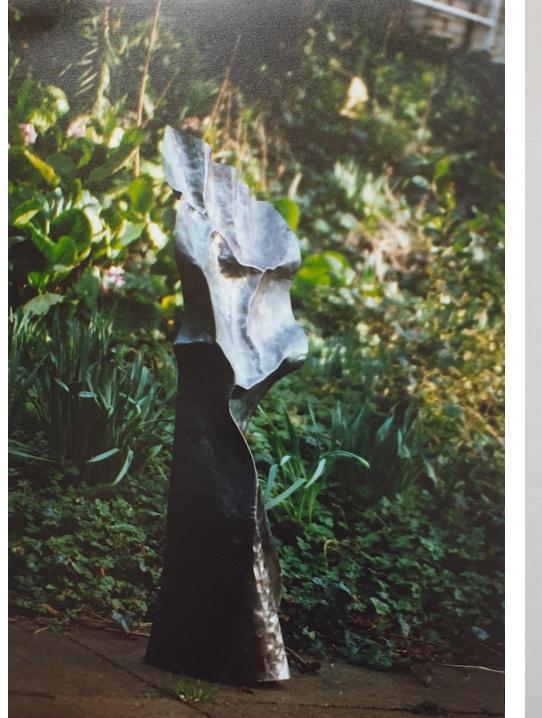




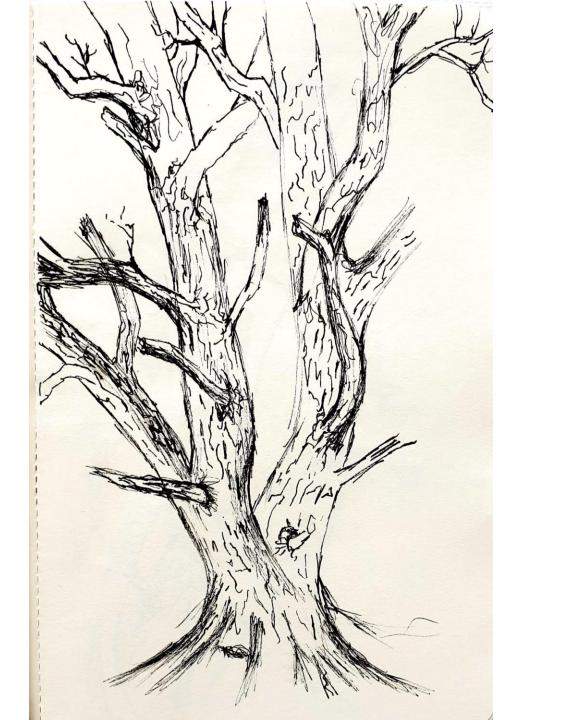


Although, I think a simple white seamless backdrop is the best for photographing my work, it allows the sculptures to float in space with absolutly zero distraction. I want my work to consume the mind of the viewer.







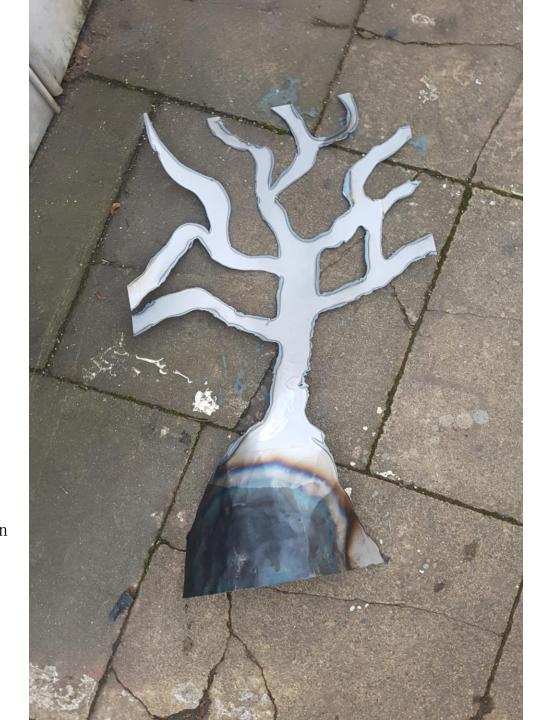






An exploration into plasma cutting. The outcome was unsatisfactory. This piece was too literal of a tree, this kind of pattern and technique could have worked well as a wall piece, without a base that looked like a trunk.

Something to revisit in the furture possibly.





I quickly dismissed this piece after making it, but as time has passed, I noticed its potential. If I had more time, I would continue to explore this form.

This was created with an interesting hammering technique to make a cratered tree trunk effect.

After leaving this piece for some time I then brought out a shine on the ridges with an angle grinder. It completely elevated the sculpture.

This caused me to look at other sculptures. Could a similar finish elevate another piece?





I revisited TENBō to refine his surface, I used steel wool to strip back the surface and clean it. Then after a thin application of oil I heated the piece to blacken the surface.

Lastly repolishing the ridges brought out the detail.







Drawings with *Sumi-e* ink and tissue paper

I experimented with ink drawings, connecting with the same headspace I found in the forge.

I was not drawing to plan my next sculpture but instead to simply explore the same state of mind, viewing drawing and forging as the same process. Letting my hands move in their own way.



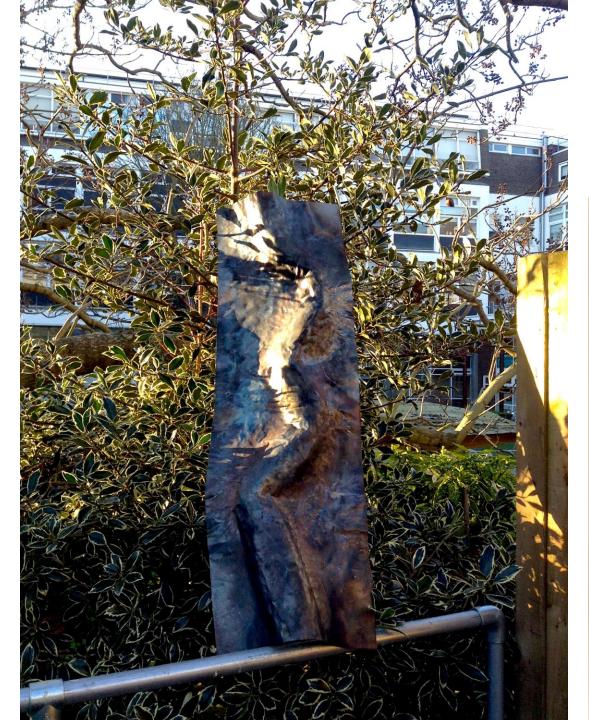
Clippings of fineliner drawings from my notebooks



Three - dimentional drawing Sumi-e ink on paper

This was a very enjoyable excersize the freedom of drawing and then creasing form into paper had a lot of potential, I should have put moretime into this.





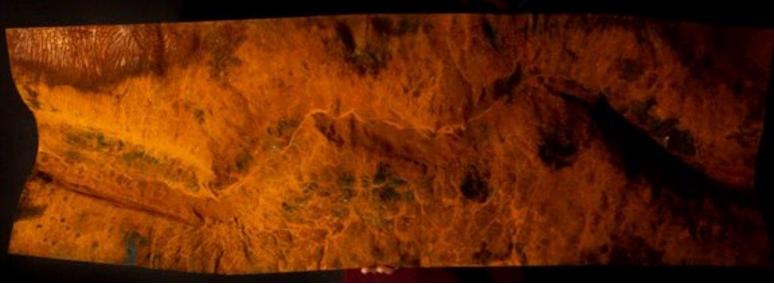
I began to find my limits in scale. I had access to steel that was 125 x 125cm.

I cut off a section of 125x 40cm and hoped to create a form similar to the first piece that motivated my direction of work.



Maintining control of such a large piece of metal with one hand while hammering the piece over a stake the size of my finger proved challanging. But it furthered my skill at controlling steel of all sizes.





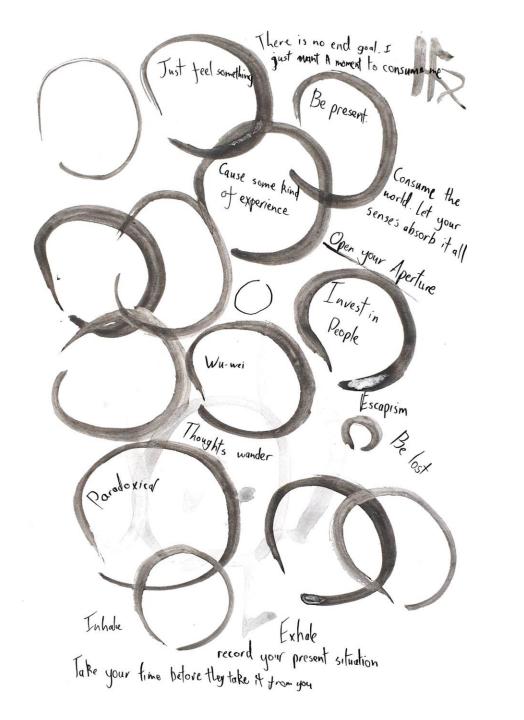




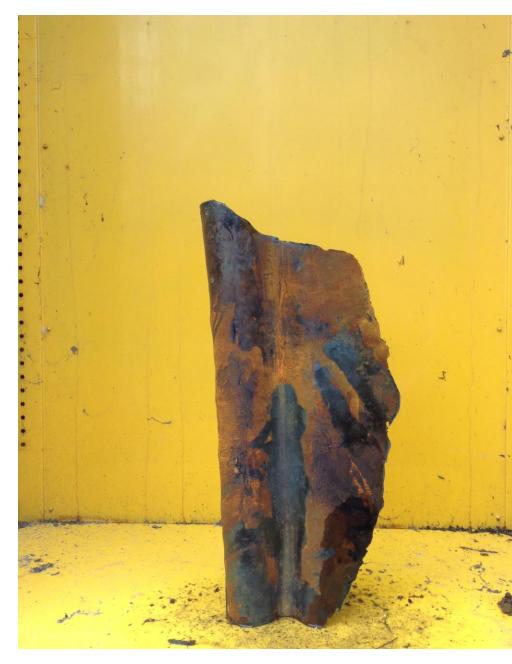
Rust

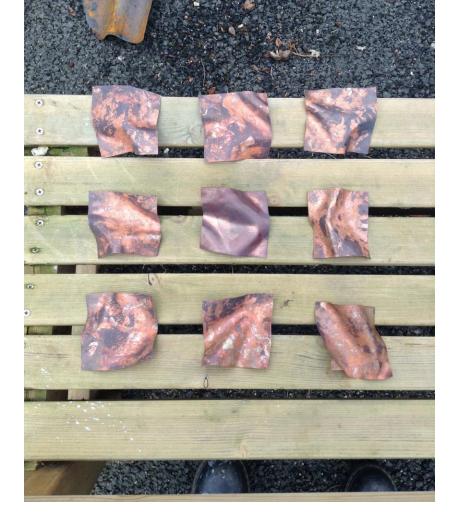


3 pieces Songois Context of work. as the maker junderstand and have witnessed the creation. How do I draw another person Up lighting into that moment of creating. Drag cast a s hadow O them into my head. The place and context is most important Installation needs a single piece of colour pale blue, all else is natural Shade creates a space a monoment





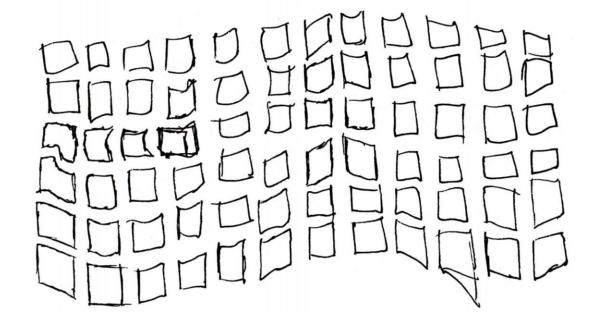


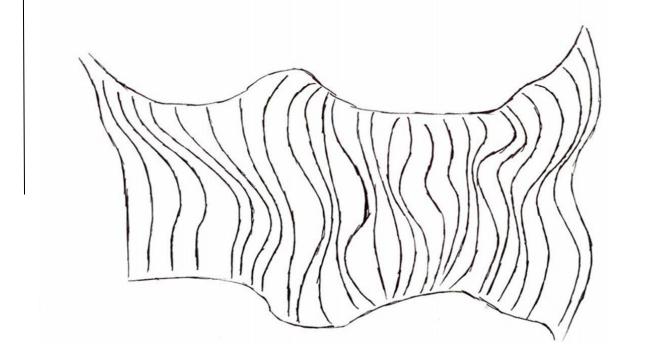


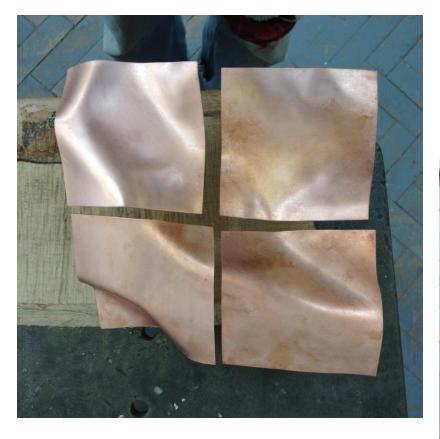
## The Grid

I decided to use 8cm copper squares to make a large flowing form. I started with a set of nine, bending them into shapes with my hands and tying t aline the forms.







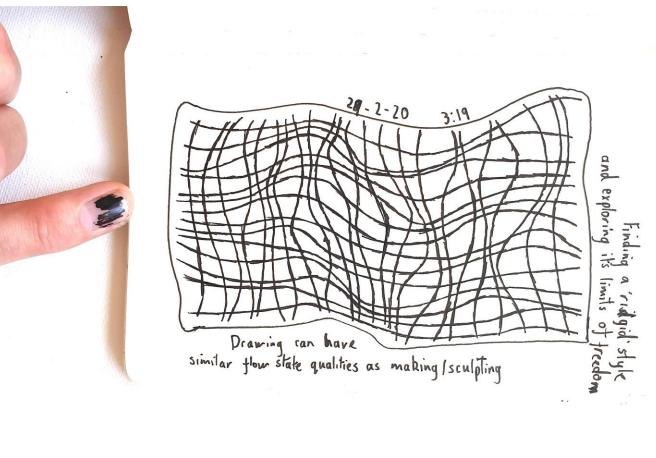


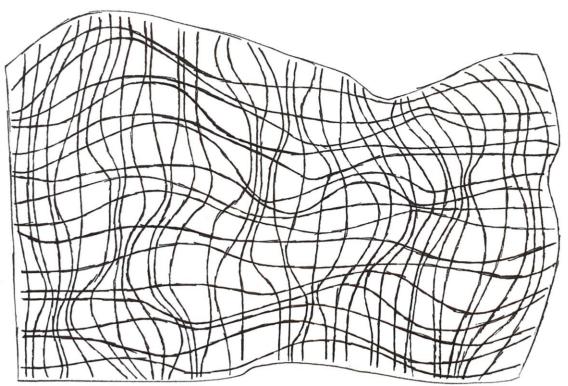


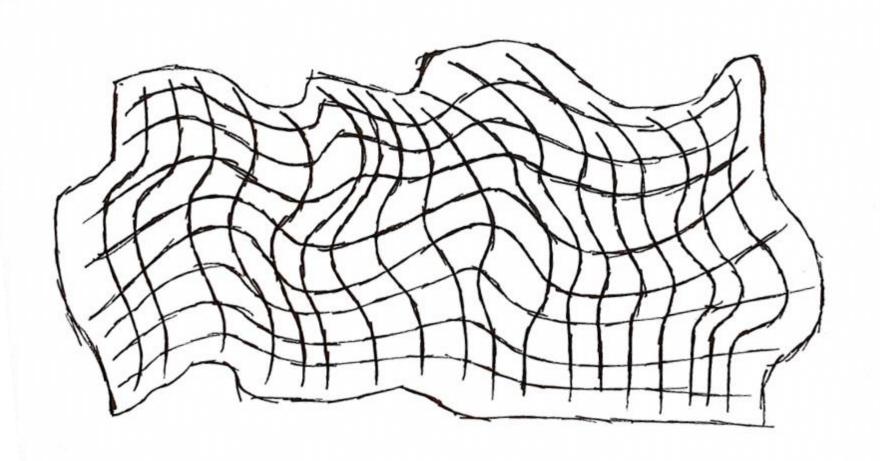
The final piece would have been installed with steel rods into ply-wood painted white and mounted on a wall.

I used wooden dowels in a scrap piece of wood to mockup 'The Grid'

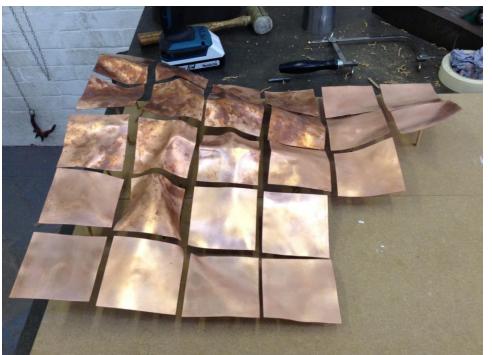


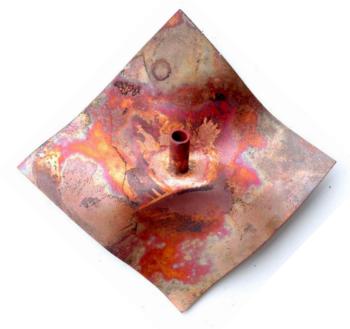






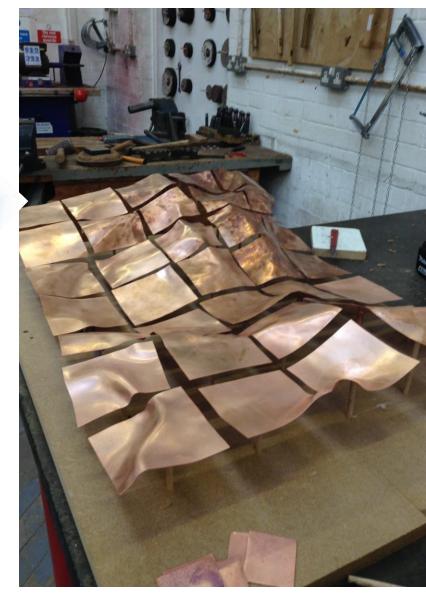


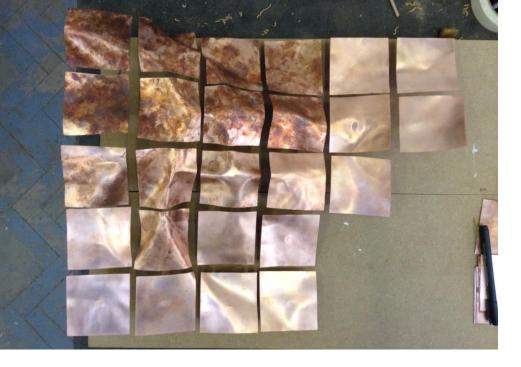




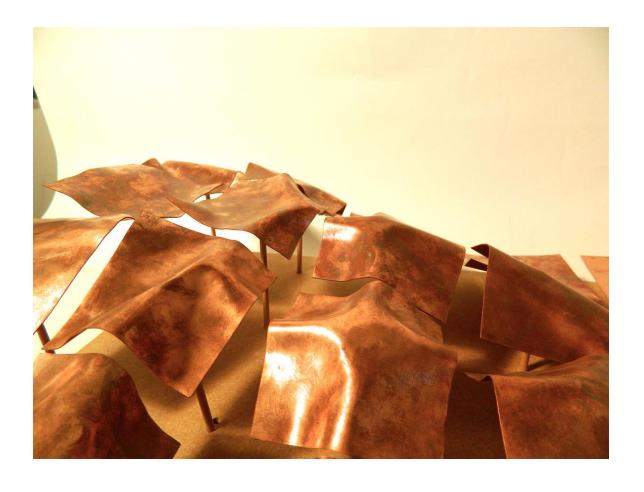
Solidering each square at the correct angle was very time consuming.

Since time in the workshop was limited, I decided to work on other pieces and come back to The Grid if I had time.











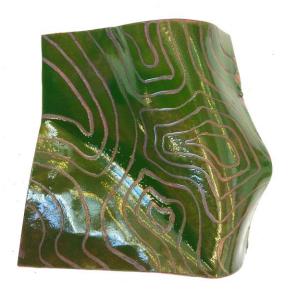
A finished surface is a considered surface

While working on 'The Grid' I began contemplting if I would use a surface finish on the squares.

I didn't want to draw attention away from the overall form, so I needed something simple.



Interesting contour lines, but the colour may be too bold





Wonderful effect but once applied to around 100 squares it wouldn't give the same effect





Incredible colours adding to the flow of the shape, but something feels a little childish. Looks like it's a colour choice for my new waterbottle



I found how difficult it was to enamel and solider the same piece of copper without effecting the finish or melting off the solider.



Especially when my favourite finish is done by overheating a copper groundcoat and the soildering had to be done before the enameling so that I could get the shape to match its surrounding squares on the grid.

# Puta in coppa'

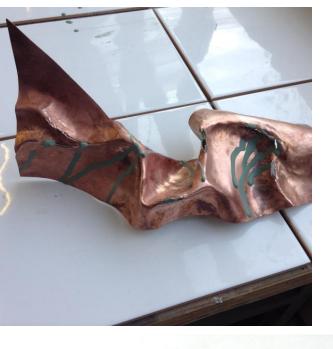


Experiments with puta cast into the stress fractures of copper.

Interesting activity but tedious and the oucome looked clunky.







## Distressed experiments

Seeing the effects of dripping enamel through stress fractures.







I found this piece repulsive and moved on quickly, but maybe there is something of interest, to toy with the repulsive.



#### Putting experimentation into practice

After spending my time experimenting with enamel, I started to use it on a few small pieces

I like the textures enamel creates when I used a thicker mixture, the cracks and bobbles were unpredictable and unique, it made each piece individual.

I taped out a rectangle to create a boarder for this piece, seems as though 'The Grid' had gotten into my head. I also scratched a few lines into the enamel before firing, I wanted to accent the contours of the shape.

Using smaller pieces of copper allowed me to quickly make simple and interesting forms using my hands.

I could anneal the copper and the forms copper naturally finds when you use your hands seemed fluid, like they came easily to the material.

I also didn't have to use any tools which made me feel more directly connected to the piece.





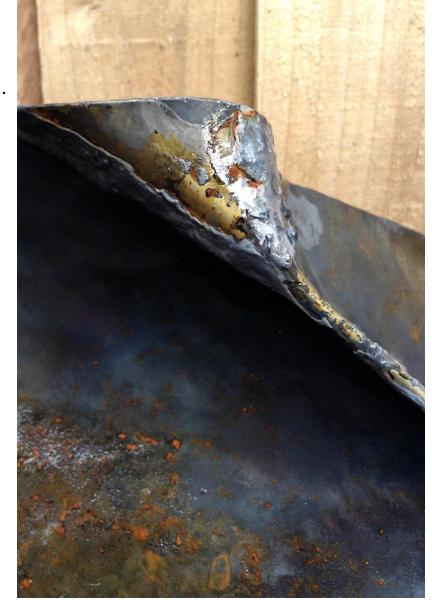


### No Seventeen

I decided to use a base coat of enamel to highlight and detail the ridges of No. Seventeen. The enamel would protect the specfic areas from rust.





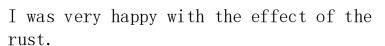


I sprayed a salt and vineger water solution on the steel and left it outside to rust. Within 2 days it went bright orange.

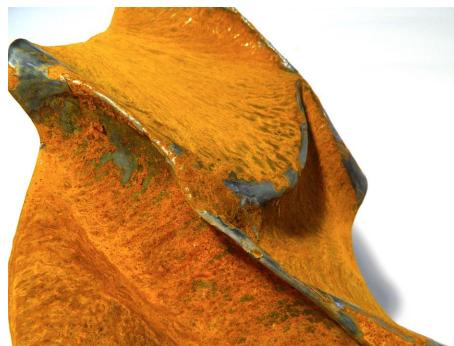
### No Seventeen Finished



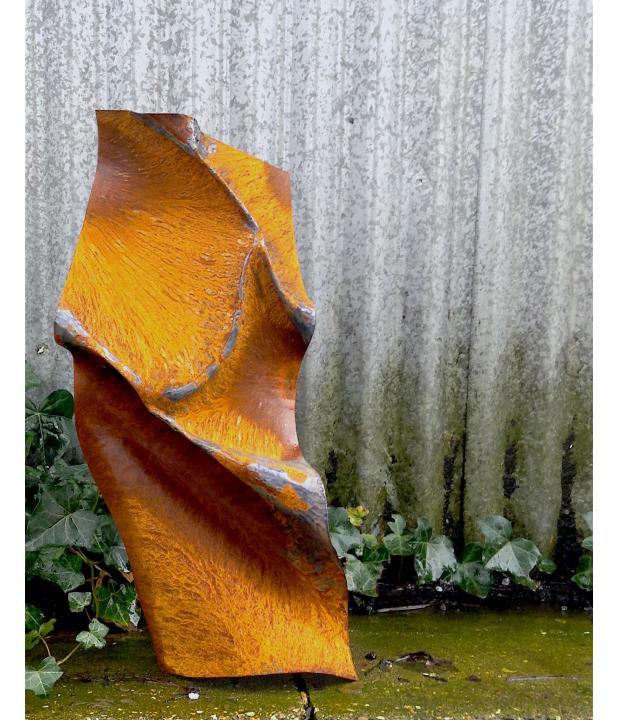




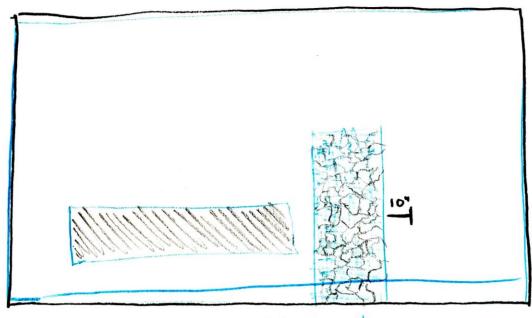
The water solution accented the curvature of the piece as it ran down and off the metal.











Thick Enamel
Trickle in thin enamel

Wall piece - concept for steel sheet with rectangles cut out and sections enameled.



### Pouring the Blue

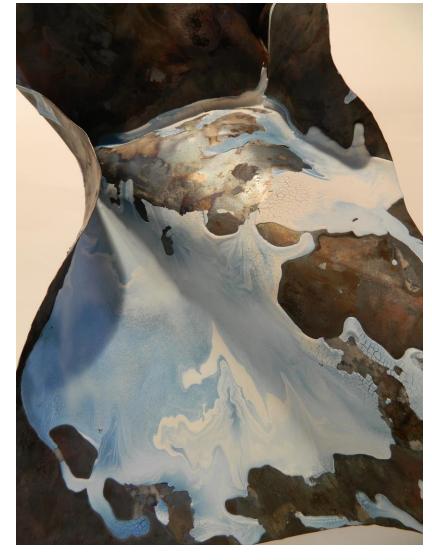
I took to enameling larger pieces. Finding that test pieces left me overthinking my process. So, I began working and acting on ideas quicker.



Pouring white a blue enamel so that they only mixed once on the metal created an interesting whispy tendril like effect.







Front Implies Back







This approach comes with mistakes. I didn't use a ground coat and so, it began to crack and fall off during firing.

A mistake, but with a very interesting outcome.

The enamel continues to fall off making this piece ever changing.







Groundcoat

Next, an attempt at an even groundcoat causing another discovery of interesting texture.

The enamel split and drew itself into globules making an interesting array of small glass balls on the surface of the steal.

'Black is not a colour'





I didn't attempt to add a layer of colour to this piece because I found the outcome too interesting













## Refining Groundcoat





By taking my time while firing the groundcoat glassed evenly.

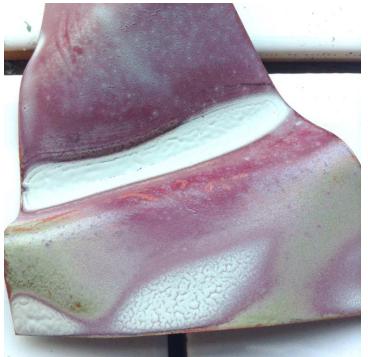




I really love the surface of this piece, but its ratio and shape seems a little off.







#### Copper ground coat

I noticed copper groundcoat enamel could create a wide range of outcomes. But working out how to create specifically desired effects was very diffi.cult





I discovered that by 'burning' it in other words violently and rapidly overheating a thin coat of enamel made a wonderful dull green and organe specturm of colour.



Once I finally worked out how to create this effect, I applied it to a hand bent sculpture. This finish is something I will definetly return to in the furture



















